

---

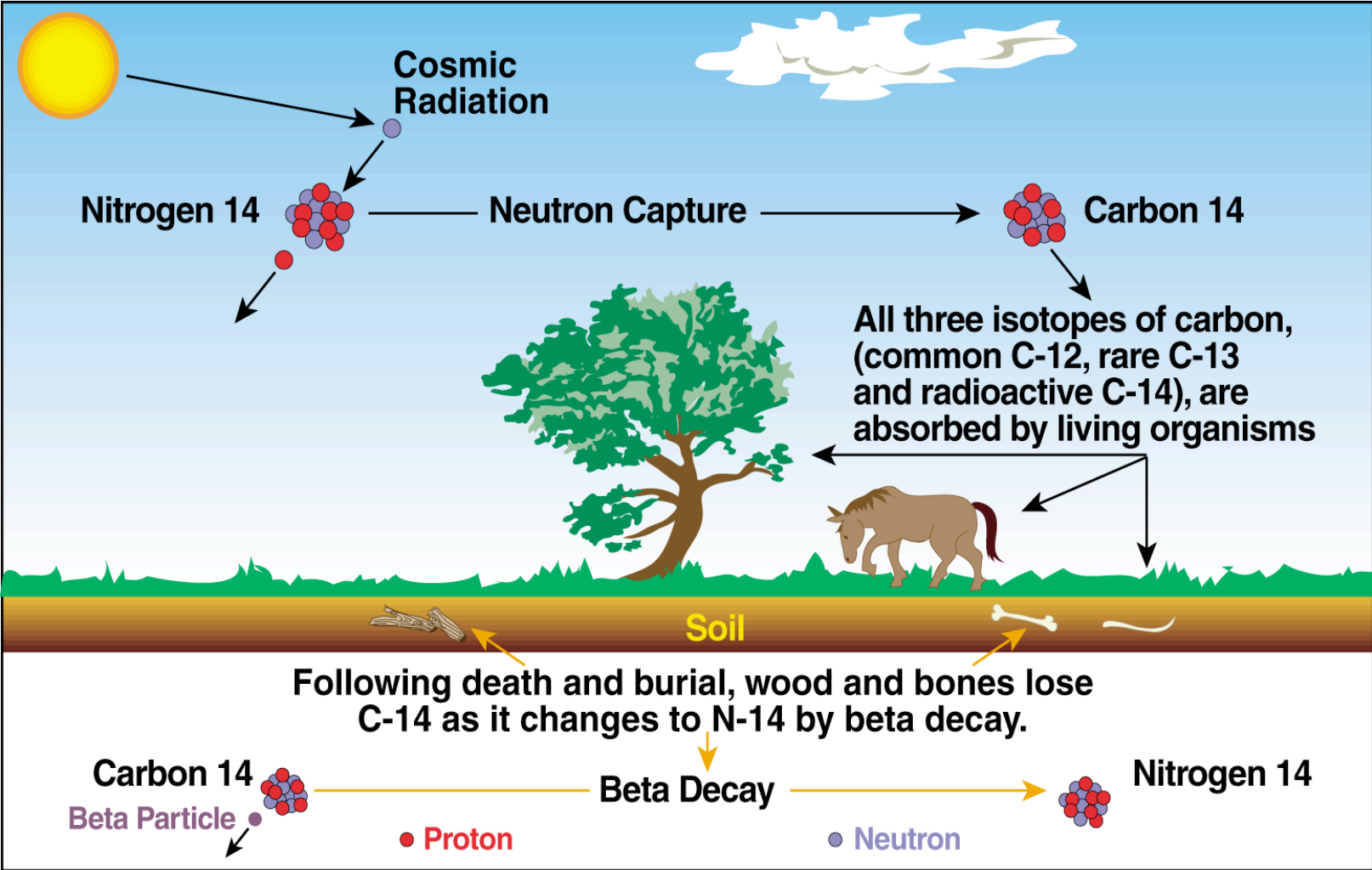
# **Determination of BioCarbon Content of Transportation Fuels by Carbon-14 Analysis**

**Bruce Buchholz  
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory  
Livermore, CA 94551**

**LCFS Compliance and Enforcement Working Group Meeting  
December 13, 2007**

This work performed under the auspices of the U.S. Department of Energy by Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory under Contract DE-AC52-07NA27344.

# Cosmic rays naturally produce carbon-14 in the atmosphere that labels every living thing

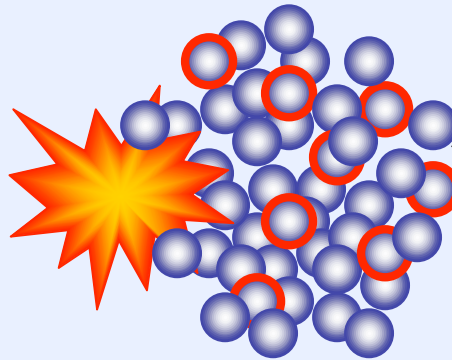
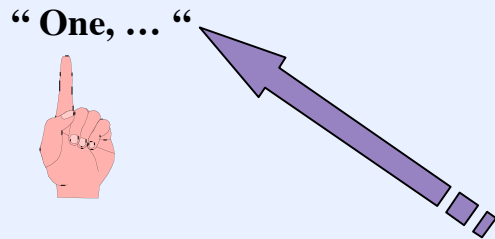


Natural contemporary level of carbon-14 is 1.2 parts per trillion carbon

# Carbon-14 can be measured by counting radioactive decays or by counting atoms

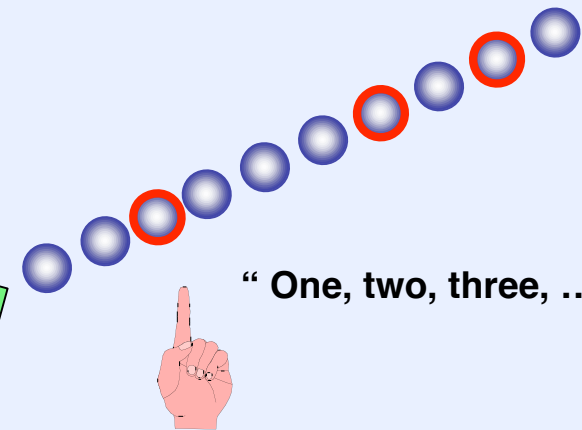
---

## Decay Counting



Sample

## Mass Spectrometry



**Decay counting is inefficient when counting long-lived isotopes like carbon-14 (5700 y half-life)**

**Older technology, lower cost**

**Retail fuel challenges sensitivity**

**Count atoms, not decays**

**10,000  $^{14}\text{C}$  can be counted in <30 sec for contemporary sample**

**Sensitivity is part per quadrillion**

# Technical requirements for measurement of carbon-14 in biofuels

---

- Must be capable of accurately measuring C-14 concentrations similar to radiocarbon dating and distinguish between different petroleum-biofuel blends likely to be encountered (1-2% precision).
- C-14 levels based on same carbon content of petroleum and biofuel components.
  - 100% biofuel: C-14/C = 1.2 parts per trillion
  - 80 % biofuel: C-14/C = 1.0 parts per trillion
  - 10% biofuel: C-14/C = 100 parts per quadrillion
  - 5% biofuel: C-14/C = 50 parts per quadrillion
  - 0% biofuel: C-14/C less than 5 parts per quadrillion
  - E10 (vol%): C-14/C = 60 parts per quadrillion

# Instrument and facility requirements for measuring carbon-14 content of biofuels

---

Must be capable of measuring hundred(s) of samples accurately with reasonable turnaround

## **Decay Counting**

- **Simple sample preparation**
- **Counter occupies 4'x5' space**
- **Measure 1 - 7 samples per day using 10-mL samples**
- **Low level biofuel blends difficult to measure precisely**
- **LSC counters common**
- **Low background counters found at some universities, contract labs, environmental monitoring facilities**

## **Mass Spectrometry**

- **Specialized sample preparation**
- **Spectrometer fills 20'x20' lab**
- **Measure 100 - 250 samples per day**
- **All biofuel blends in standard operating range**
- **9 facilities in U.S., 3 in CA**
- **Sample turnaround depends on facility, existing sample load, and capacity**