

Reducing Diesel Emissions from California Construction Equipment

An Open Letter from California Health Experts

Dear California Air Resources Board Members and Staff,

As researchers, public health, and medical experts from across California and the nation, we are deeply concerned about the effect of diesel pollution on public health. We urge the California Air Resources Board to adopt a strong regulation to clean up one of the state's major sources of diesel pollution - construction equipment.

Diesel-powered construction equipment releases fine particulate matter, smog-forming pollutants, and toxic air contaminants into the air we all breathe.

- Particulate matter can penetrate deeply into the lungs, causing or aggravating a variety of respiratory and cardiovascular illnesses—and can even lead to premature death.¹⁻³ Construction equipment is one of the top sources of diesel particulate matter in California.
- Smog-forming pollutants can damage the respiratory tract, reduce lung function, exacerbate asthma, aggravate chronic lung diseases, and lead to premature death.⁴⁻⁶ As much as 10 to 20 percent of all summertime respiratory hospital visits and admissions are associated with smog.^{7,9}
- The state of California has classified diesel exhaust and more than 40 compounds in diesel exhaust as toxic air contaminants. Exposure to these chemicals can cause cancer, developmental harm to fetuses, and other serious health and reproductive problems.¹⁰⁻¹³

Together, these pollutants are taking a serious toll on California's public health. Much of this morbidity and mortality can be avoided by cleaning up construction equipment. While the US EPA has adopted more stringent standards for *new* construction engines, long lasting construction equipment operating today will continue to pollute for decades. This is too long to wait for those who live near or work on construction sites.

To protect the health of Californians, we urge the California Air Resources Board to adopt a strong regulation that requires cleaning up existing construction equipment through pollution control retrofits, cleaner fuels, and replacement of the oldest, most polluting equipment with cleaner alternatives.

Sincerely,

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