

Proposed Amendments to the Verification Procedure for In-Use Strategies to Control Emissions From Diesel Engines



California Environmental Protection Agency

Air Resources Board



January 24, 2008

Sacramento, CA

Overview

- ❖ Background
- ❖ Verification Program Overview
- ❖ Proposed Amendments
- ❖ Impacts and Outreach
- ❖ Recommendation

Background



Need to Address Diesel Emissions

- ❖ In 1998, Board identified diesel PM as a toxic air contaminant
- ❖ Board approved Diesel Risk Reduction Plan in September 2000
 - Reduce overall risk of exposure to diesel PM
 - Prescribed four aggressive strategies for in-use vehicles
 - Significant use of exhaust retrofits

In-Use Diesel Regulatory Activity

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">➤ Urban Buses (2000)➤ Garbage Trucks (2003)➤ School Bus Idling (2003)➤ Stationary Engines (2004)➤ TRUs (2004)➤ Truck and Bus Idling (2004)➤ Portable Engines (2004)➤ Transit Fleet Vehicles (2005) | <ul style="list-style-type: none">➤ Public Fleets & Utilities (2005)➤ Cargo Handling Equipment at Ports and Rail Yards (2005)➤ Off-Road Vehicles (2007)➤ Port Trucks (2007)➤ Private Trucks and Buses
(under development for 2008)➤ Off-Road Agricultural Vehicles
(under development for 2009) |
|---|--|

Need for Verification Program

- ❖ The success of the in-use fleet rules is dependent on viable retrofit solutions
- ❖ Devices must be:
 - Durable
 - Provide real emissions reductions
- ❖ Verification program provides foundation upon which ARB's in-use rules can succeed

Verification Program Overview



www.dieselnet.com

ARB Verification Program

- ❖ Adopted in 2002
 - Amended in 2004 and 2006
- ❖ Key principles
 - Ensure emissions reductions
 - Technologies must be based on sound principles of science and engineering
 - Provide warranty protection to end-users
 - No increase in other pollutants

An Adequate Demonstration Must be Made

- ❖ To be verified, an applicant must:
 - Perform robust emissions testing
 - Including both new and aged device
 - Demonstrate the durability of the system
 - 50,000 miles or 1,000 hours for on-road applications
 - 1,000 hours for off-road and stationary applications
 - Perform in-use compliance testing

Current Verification Levels

- ❖ PM reduction
 - Level 1 \geq 25%
 - Level 2 \geq 50%
 - Level 3 \geq 85%

- ❖ Optional NOx reduction
 - 15% minimum
 - 5% increments thereafter

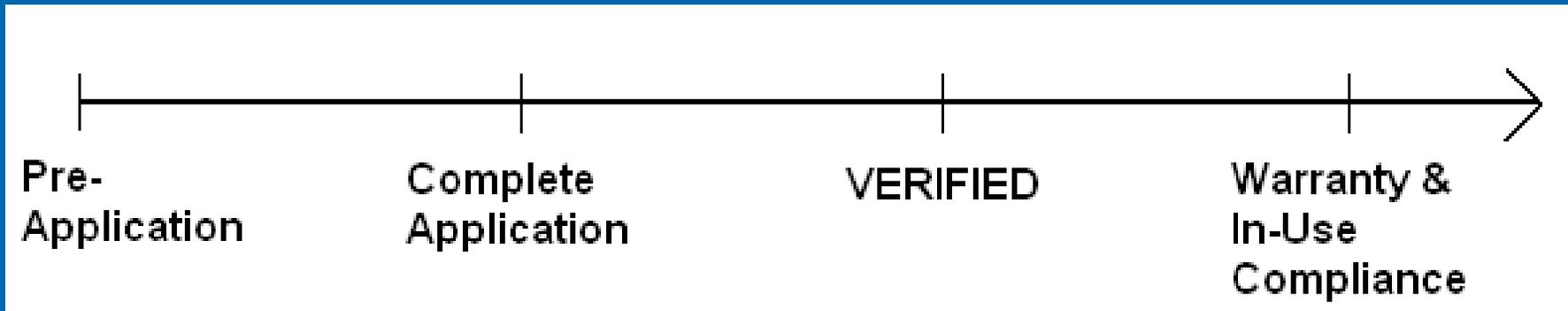
Limits on NO₂ Production

- ❖ Due to concerns regarding emissions of NO₂, limits were established
 - Cannot increase by more than 30%
 - Limit drops to 20% in 2009
- ❖ Devices meeting the 2009 standard are designated as “Plus” systems

A Comprehensive Warranty Must be Provided

- ❖ Intended to protect the end user
- ❖ Device manufacturer and/or installer are accountable
 - Includes both device and damage to engine
- ❖ Spans most of the device's useful life
 - Up to unlimited miles or 5 years for on-road applications
 - Up to 5 years or 4,200 hours for off-road applications

Verification Timeline



- ❖ Process can take 12 to 18 months
- ❖ Timeline can be impacted by:
 - System development status
 - Changes to the system or testing protocol
 - Failures during verification
 - Deviations from the requirements of the Procedure
- ❖ Flexibility can decrease costs but often increases review times

Other Verification Programs

- ❖ U.S. EPA
 - No warranty provisions
 - Lacks NO₂ protections

- ❖ VERT
 - No NOx verification
 - Not based on total reductions in mass
 - Utilizes particle counts, sizing, and elemental carbon mass concentration

- ❖ ARB program most robust and comprehensive

What's Been Verified to Date?

- ❖ Verifications covering over 40 devices
 - Wide range of applications
 - Two new passive off-road systems recently verified
- ❖ Diverse technologies
 - Active, passive DPFs
 - Lean NOx catalysts and EGR
 - Flow through filters
 - DOCs
 - Emulsified Fuel
- ❖ Most compatible with certain biodiesel blends
- ❖ More on the way!

On-Going Activities

- ❖ 29 prospective devices will be demonstrated on 245 vehicles
 - Showcase Program
 - U.S. EPA SEP Program

- ❖ Continuous interactions with U.S. EPA Verification Program

Proposed Amendments



Need for Amendments

- ❖ Facilitate market availability
 - Easier extension to additional engines
 - Reduced testing requirements
 - Verification of NOx-only control systems
- ❖ Changes based on real-world information
 - New transient test cycle
 - Increase flexibility in test fuel
 - Unidirectional installation requirement
- ❖ Minor clarifying changes

Extension to Additional Engines

- ❖ Verified off-road devices must start from scratch for on-road verification
- ❖ Allow existing durability data to support the conditional extension to on-road
- ❖ Will expand retrofit options for end-users

Reduced Testing Requirements

- ❖ It is currently difficult to comply with certain testing requirements
- ❖ Propose rescission of elevated NOx testing
- ❖ Will reduce testing costs and time

NOx-Only Control Systems

- ❖ Currently, candidate technologies must achieve PM reductions
- ❖ Proposal to allow NOx-only control systems
- ❖ Will help meet SIP commitments

New Transient Test Cycle

- ❖ Need more representative test cycle
- ❖ Non-Road Composite Transient Cycle (NRTC) available
- ❖ Provides more realistic emissions measurements

Increased Flexibility in Test Fuel

- ❖ No allowance for various in-use test fuels
- ❖ Propose to allow representative fuels for verification testing
- ❖ Provides for more accurate testing on fuel that will be used in real world

Unidirectional Installations

- ❖ Incorrect installation orientation results in:
 - Potential device malfunction and/or failure
 - Release of hazardous materials
- ❖ Proposing to require unidirectional design
- ❖ Will prevent end user misuse, and preserve emissions reductions

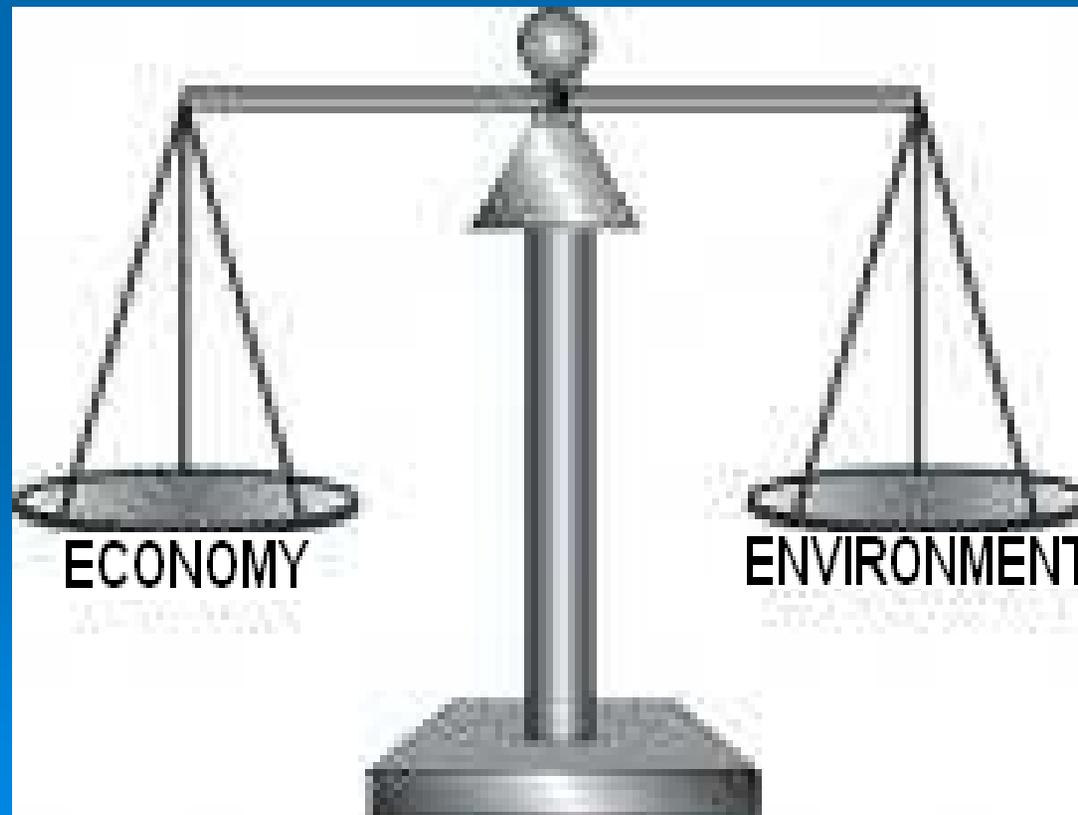
Other Changes

- ❖ Revised NOx classifications
- ❖ In-use compliance deadlines
- ❖ Record keeping
- ❖ NOx control durability
- ❖ Proof of sales in California
- ❖ System labeling
- ❖ Sales and installation practices

15-Day Changes

- ❖ Staff will propose subsequent clarifications
 - Appropriate phase in schedule for the transition to uni-directional flow devices
 - Provisions allowing end-users to install used systems on different vehicles

Impacts and Outreach



Overall Potential Impacts

- ❖ Unquantifiable environmental benefits
- ❖ Costs will vary among manufacturers and type of device
 - Possible small increase in cost of control systems
- ❖ No significant economic impact on the state, businesses, and fleets

Public Outreach

- ❖ Four Public Workshops
 - Los Angeles
 - El Monte
 - Sacramento
- ❖ Meetings with Manufacturers of Emission Controls Association (MECA) and individual companies
- ❖ Incorporated comments into proposal

Recommendation

- ❖ Staff recommends adoption of the proposed amendments
 - Direct staff to work with stakeholders to address additional clarifications