

Non-CO₂ Greenhouse Gases: Methane

Source/Sectors: Agriculture/Field Burning of Agriculture Residues

Technology: Options in general (A.3.4)

Description of the Technology:

Large quantities of agricultural crop residue are produced from farming activities. Crop residue burning is a net source of methane, which is released during combustion (USEPA, 2006a).

The mitigation options for reducing methane emissions from field burning of agricultural residue include improved fire management practices, plowing under, or composting (Gale & Freund, 2002).

Effectiveness: Unknown

Implementability: Unknown

Reliability: Unknown

Maturity: Fair

Environmental Benefits: It reduces methane emissions.

Cost Effectiveness: None reported.

Industry Acceptance Level: Fair

Limitations: None reported.

Sources of Information:

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4. European Commission (2001) "Economic Evaluation of Sectoral Emission Reduction Objectives for Climate Change", Brussels. (Document can be found at http://ec.europa.eu/environment/enveco/climate_change/sectoral_objectives.htm)
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12. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (2006b) "Global Mitigation of Non-CO₂ Greenhouse Gases", Office of Atmospheric Programs, United States Environmental Protection Agency, EPA-430-R-06-005, June 2006.