RULE 451 SURFACE COATING OF MISCELLANEOUS METAL PARTS AND PRODUCTS
Adopted 6-19-79
(Amended 1-11-80, 12-14-82, 4-5-83, 11-29-83, 8-27-85, 9-29-87, 2-23-93, 9-5-96, 10-02-97, 9-25-08, 10-28-10)

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100  GENERAL

101  PURPOSE: To limit the emission of volatile organic compounds from the application of coatings, coating removers (stripers), surface preparation material, and cleanup material to miscellaneous metal parts and products in a shop environment.

102  APPLICABILITY: The provisions of this rule shall apply to any person who uses, applies, or solicits the use or application of any miscellaneous metal parts and products coating, coating remover (stripper), surface preparation material, and cleanup material within the District. Only the provisions in Sections 402, 403, 404, and 502 apply to persons who supply, sell, offer for sale, manufacture, or distribute any miscellaneous metal parts and products coating, coating remover (stripper), surface preparation material, and cleanup material for use within the District. The requirements of Rule 441, ORGANIC SOLVENTS, shall not apply to persons using miscellaneous metal parts and products coatings, coating removers (stripers), surface preparation material, and cleanup material subject to this rule.

103  SEVERABILITY: If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion of this rule is, for any reason, held invalid, unconstitutional, or unenforceable by any court of competent jurisdiction, such portion shall be deemed as a separate, distinct, and independent provision, and such holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions thereof.

110  EXEMPTION, LOW USAGE OF MATERIALS EXCEEDING VOC CONTENT LIMITS: The requirements of Section 301, 303, 305.3, and 305.4 shall not apply to the use of materials exceeding the VOC content limits specified in Sections 301, 303, 305.3, and 305.4 in a total volume less than 55 gallons per calendar year, per stationary source, provided the requirements in Section 401 and 501 are satisfied.

111  EXEMPTION, OPERATIONS SUBJECT TO OTHER DISTRICT RULES: The provisions of this rule do not apply to coatings, coating removers (stripers), surface preparation material, and cleanup material specifically subject to the requirements under the following rules:
111.1  Rule 442 – ARCHITECTURAL COATINGS;
111.2  Rule 459 – AUTOMOTIVE, TRUCK AND HEAVY EQUIPMENT REFINISHING OPERATIONS;
111.3  Rule 456 – AEROSPACE ASSEMBLY AND COMPONENT COATING OPERATIONS;
111.4  Rule 452 – CAN COATING;
111.5  Rule 460 – ADHESIVES AND SEALANTS; and

112  EXEMPTION, SPECIFIC OPERATIONS AND COATINGS: Except for Sections 305.1, 305.2, 305.5, and 501, the requirements of Sections 300, 400, and 500 shall not apply to:
112.1  Magnetic data storage discs.
112.2  Safety-indicating coatings.
112.3  Stencil coatings.
112.4  Any coating applied exclusively by hand lettering.

113  EXEMPTION, AEROSOL CONTAINERS: The requirements of this rule shall not apply to coatings and coating removers (stripers) sold in non-refillable aerosol containers having a capacity of one liter (1.1 quarts) or less.

114  EXEMPTION, APPLICATION EQUIPMENT: The requirements of Section 304 shall not apply to the following:
114.1  Touch-up coating and repair coating operations.
114.2  The application of texture coatings.
EXEMPTION, COATINGS FOR METAL FURNITURE: The requirements of Section 302 shall not apply to metal furniture coating operations at a stationary source with actual emissions from such operations less than 3 tons of VOC per 12-month rolling period prior to emissions control equipment, provided that such operations comply with the requirements of Section 301.

EXEMPTION, AUTOMOBILE AND LIGHT-DUTY TRUCK ASSEMBLY COATING OPERATIONS: The requirements of this rule shall not apply to automobile and light-duty truck assembly coating operations.

DEFINITIONS

ADHESIVE: Any substance that is used to bond one surface to another surface by attachment.

AEROSOL CONTAINER: A hand-held, non-refillable container which expels pressurized product ingredients by means of a propellant-induced force.

AIR-DRIED COATING: Any coating which is not heated above 90°C (194°F) for the purpose of curing or drying.

ALUMINUM COATING FOR WINDOW FRAMES AND DOOR FRAMES: A coating which is applied in a shop environment and is used to protect prefabricated aluminum window frames, window walls, and door frames and which is required to meet the specifications of Architectural Aluminum Manufacturers Association AAMA 605.2-1980.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT: A device used to apply coatings or used in preparing a coating material such as stir sticks or funnels.

APPURTENANCES: Accessories to a stationary structure, including, but not limited to: hand railings, cabinets, bathroom and kitchen fixtures, fences, rain-gutters and down-spouts, window screens, lamp-posts, heating and air conditioning equipment, other mechanical equipment, large fixed stationary tools and concrete forms.

AUTOMOBILE: A motor vehicle designed to carry up to eight passengers, excluding vans, sport utility vehicles, and motor vehicles designed primarily to transport light loads of property.

AUTOMOBILE AND LIGHT-DUTY TRUCK ASSEMBLY COATING OPERATIONS: A coating operation that includes the coatings of new automobile or new light-duty truck bodies, or body parts for new automobiles or new light-duty trucks and other parts that are coated along with these bodies or body parts at a facility where new automobiles or new light-duty trucks are completely assembled.

BAKED COATING: Any coating which is heated above 90°C (194°F) for the purpose of curing or drying.

CAMOUFLAGE COATING: A coating applied as a topcoat on equipment to conceal such equipment from detection.

CLEANUP MATERIAL: A VOC-containing material used to clean parts and application equipment used in miscellaneous metal parts and products coating operations.

CLOSED CONTAINER: A container which has a cover where the cover meets with the main body of the container without any visible gaps between the cover and the main body of the container.
**COATING:** A material applied to a surface to identify, beautify, protect, convey a message, or minimize detection of such surface.

**COATING REMOVER (STRIPPER):** A material applied to the surface of any miscellaneous metal part or product to completely remove coatings (including mask coatings) or coating residues. A coating remover (stripper) is not a surface preparation material or cleanup material. Material used for the removal of overspray is not considered a coating remover.

**DIP COAT:** A coating method which is applied by dipping an object into a vat of coating material and allowing any excess coating material to drain off.

**ELECTRICAL INSULATING COATING:** A non-convertible-type coating applied to electric motors, components of electric motors, or power transformers to provide electrical, mechanical, and environmental protection or resistance.

**ELECTROSTATIC SPRAY:** The spray application of coatings where an electrostatic potential is created between the part to be coated and the coating particles.

**END USER:** Any person applying any coating, coating remover (stripper), surface preparation material, or cleanup material subject to this rule.

**ETCHING FILLER:** A coating which contains at least ½ percent acid by weight, as determined by the method specified in Section 502.2, and less than 23 percent solids by weight, as determined by the method specified in Section 502.7, and is used instead of applying a pretreatment wash primer followed by a primer.

**EXEMPT COMPOUND:** For the purposes of this rule, “exempt compound” has the same meaning as in Rule 101-GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

**EXTREME HIGH GLOSS COATING:** A coating which, when tested by American Society for Testing Materials test method D-523 adopted in 2008, shows at least 75% reflectance on a 60° meter.

**EXTREME PERFORMANCE COATING:** A coating that is used on a metal surface where the coated surface, in its intended use, is acutely or chronically exposed to salt water, corrosives, caustics, acids, oxidizing agents, wind or ocean driven debris or electromagnetic pulse.

**FLOW COAT:** A coating method which is applied by flowing a stream of coating over an object and allowing any excess coating material to drain off.

**HAND APPLICATION EQUIPMENT:** Manually held equipment such as brushes, rollers, trowels, spatulas, daubers, rags, sponges, and mechanically or pneumatically driven syringes that do not atomize the applied products.

**HAND LETTERING:** A method utilizing hand application equipment to add letters and/or numbers on a substrate.

**HEAT RESISTANT COATING:** A coating used on a metal surface where the coated surface must withstand a temperature of at least 400 °F during normal use.

**HIGH-VOLUME LOW-PRESSURE APPLICATION EQUIPMENT:** Equipment used to apply coatings by means of a gun which is designed to be operated and which is operated between 0.1 and 10 psig air pressure measured dynamically at the center of the air cap and at the air horns.
LOW-VOLUME LOW-PRESSURE APPLICATION EQUIPMENT: Spray coating application equipment with air pressure between 0.1 and 10.0 pounds per square inch gauge (psig) and air volume less than 15.5 cfm per spray gun and which operates at a maximum fluid delivery pressure of 50 psig.

LIGHT-DUTY TRUCK: A van, sport utility vehicle, or motor vehicle designed to transport light loads of property with gross vehicle weight rating of 8,500 pounds or less.

MAGNETIC DATA STORAGE DISC: A flat film or plate with a magnetic coating on which digital information can be stored by selective magnetization of portions of the flat surface.

MASK COATING: A thin film coating applied through a template to coat a small portion of the substrate.

METAL FURNITURE: Furniture and components of furniture including, but not limited to, the following types of products: household, office, institutional, laboratory, hospital, public building, restaurant, barber and beauty shop, and dental furniture; and office and store fixtures, partitions, shelving, lockers, lamps and lighting fixtures, and wastebaskets.

METALLIC/IRIDESCENT COATING: Any coating which contains more than 5.0 g/l (0.042 lb/gal) of metal or iridescent particles, as applied, where such particles are visible in the dried film.


MULTI-COMPONENT COATING: A coating requiring the addition of a separate reactive resin, commonly known as a catalyst or hardener, before application to form an acceptable dry film.

NON-COMPLIANT MATERIAL: A coating, coating remover, cleanup material, or surface preparation material that exceeds the VOC content limits specified in Section 301, 303, 305.3, or 305.4 and the usage is in excess of allowable volumes per Section 110.

NON-SKID COATING: Any coating which has, as its primary purpose, the creation of traction to prevent slippage. (This definition will sunset on April 28, 2010).

PREFABRICATED ARCHITECTURAL COMPONENT: Prefabricated metal parts and products which are to be used as architectural appurtenances or structures and which are coated in a shop environment, not including window frames and door frames.

PRETREATMENT WASH PRIMER: A coating which contains at least ½ percent acid by weight, as determined by the method specified in Section 502.2, and no more than 12 percent solids by weight, as determined by the method specified in Section 502.7, and is applied directly to metal surfaces to provide surface etching and corrosion resistance or adhesion of subsequent coatings. A Pretreatment Wash Primer is not a Surface Preparation Material as defined in Section 248.

REPAIR COATING: A coating used to recoat portions of a previously coated part or product which has sustained mechanical damage to the coating following normal coating operations.

ROLL COATER: A series of mechanical rollers that forms a thin coating film on the surface of the roller, which is applied to a substrate by moving the substrate underneath the roller.

SAFETY-INDICATING COATING: A coating which is designed to have a color change when it is exposed to an unsafe condition such as a high temperature or an unsafe concentration of gas.
SHOP ENVIRONMENT: A commercial, governmental, or educational stationary source where coatings are applied, excluding those locations at which coatings subject to Rule 442, Architectural Coatings, are applied.

SILICONE RELEASE COATING: A coating which contains silicone resin and is intended to prevent a substance from sticking to metal surfaces such as baking pans.

SOLAR ABSORBENT COATING: A coating which has, as its primary purpose, the absorption of solar radiation.

STATIONARY SOURCE: Any building, structure, facility, or emissions unit which emits or may emit any affected pollutant directly or as a fugitive emission.

Building, structure, facility, or emissions unit includes all pollutant emitting activities which:

a. Belong to the same industrial grouping, and
b. Are located on one property, or two or more contiguous properties, and
c. Are under the same or common ownership, operation, or control, or which are owned or operated by entities which are under common control.

Pollutant emitting activities shall be considered as part of the same industrial grouping if:

a. They belong to the same two-digit Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code, or
b. They are part of a common production process, which includes industrial processes, manufacturing processes and any connected processes involving a common material.

STENCIL COATING: An ink or a coating which is applied by a template or stamp in order to add designs, letters and/or numbers to a part or product.

SURFACE PREPARATION MATERIAL: A VOC containing material applied to the surface of any miscellaneous metal part or product prior to the application of coatings to clean the substrate or to promote adhesion of subsequent coatings.

TEXTURE COATING: A coating that, when applied, consists of discrete raised spots and is used for decorative or functional purposes.

TOUCH-UP COATING: A coating used to cover minor coating imperfections appearing after the main coating operation.

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND (VOC): For the purposes of this rule, “volatile organic compound” has the same meaning as in Rule 101-GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND (VOC) AS APPLIED: For the purpose of this rule, VOC as applied means the VOC content including thinners, reducers, hardeners, retarders, catalysts and additives calculated pursuant to Sections 403 or 404 as applicable.

VOC CONTENT OF COATINGS FOR MISCELLANEOUS METAL PARTS AND PRODUCTS: Except as provided in Sections 110, 111, 112, 113, or 306, a person shall not apply to any miscellaneous metal part or product any coating that exceeds the following VOC content limits as applied. The VOC content of the coating shall be determined pursuant to Section 502.1.
### VOC CONTENT OF COATINGS FOR METAL FURNITURE:

Except as provided in Sections 111, 112, 113, 115, or 306, a person shall not apply to metal furniture any coating that exceeds the following VOC content limits as applied. The VOC content of the coating shall be determined pursuant to Section 502.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COATING CATEGORY</th>
<th>AIR DRIED</th>
<th>BAKED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General, Multi-Component</td>
<td>340 (2.8)</td>
<td>275 (2.3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Etching Filler</td>
<td>420 (3.5)</td>
<td>420 (3.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extreme High Gloss</td>
<td>340 (2.8)</td>
<td>360 (3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extreme Performance</td>
<td>420 (3.5)</td>
<td>360 (3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heat Resistant</td>
<td>420 (3.5)</td>
<td>360 (3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metallic/Iridescent</td>
<td>420 (3.5)</td>
<td>420 (3.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pretreatment Wash Primer</td>
<td>420 (3.5)</td>
<td>420 (3.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicone Release Coating</td>
<td>420 (3.5)</td>
<td>420 (3.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solar Absorbent</td>
<td>420 (3.5)</td>
<td>360 (3.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Other Coatings</td>
<td>340 (2.8)</td>
<td>275 (2.3)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### VOC CONTENT FOR COATING REMOVERS (STRIPPERS):

A person shall not use a stripper on miscellaneous metal parts and products which contains more than 200 grams of VOC per liter of material (1.7 pounds per gallon).
APPLICATION EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS: A person shall not apply to any miscellaneous metal part or product any coating unless one of the following application methods is used:

304.1 Roll Coater
304.2 Dip Coat
304.3 Electrostatic Spray
304.4 Flow Coat
304.5 High-Volume Low-Pressure (HVLP) Application Equipment
304.6 Low-Volume Low-Pressure (LVLP) Application Equipment
304.7 Hand Application Equipment, such as brush or roller
304.8 Any other equivalent method which has been approved in writing by the Air Pollution Control Officer and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

SURFACE PREPARATION, CLEANUP, AND STORAGE REQUIREMENTS: Any person subject to this rule shall comply with the following requirements:

305.1 Closed containers shall be used for the disposal of cloth, paper, or sponges used for surface preparation, cleanup, coating application and coating removal.
305.2 VOC-containing materials shall be stored in containers, which are closed when not in use, shall be disposed of in a manner that the VOC are not emitted into the atmosphere, and shall be conveyed from one location to another in closed containers or through pipes.
305.3 A person shall not perform cleanup of application equipment (including spray gun nozzles) with a material containing VOC in excess of 25 grams per liter (0.21 pounds per gallon).
305.4 A person shall not perform product cleaning or surface preparation with a material containing VOC in excess of 25 grams per liter (0.21 pounds per gallon).
305.5 Spillage of VOC-containing materials shall be minimized.

EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS: As an alternative to Sections 301, 302, 303, 305.3, and 305.4, a person may use air pollution control equipment subject to the approval of the Air Pollution Control Officer that provides an overall system efficiency, as determined by Section 406, of not less than 90%.

ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

LOW USAGE EXEMPTION SUBMITTAL: The total previous calendar year usage records, as specified in Section 501.3a(3), for all coatings, coating removers, surface preparation and cleanup materials exceeding the VOC limits specified in Sections 301, 303, 305.3, and 305.4 shall be submitted annually to the Air Pollution Control Officer by January 31.

PRODUCT INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR SELLERS: Any person who sells any coating, coating remover (stripper), surface preparation or cleanup material subject to this rule shall provide the following information on material data sheets made available to the purchaser at the time of sale:

402.1 The material type by name/code/manufacturer
402.2 For coating material, the maximum VOC content of the material, as applied, after any mixing or thinning as recommended by the manufacturer. VOC content shall be displayed as grams of VOC per liter of coating (or pounds of VOC per gallon), excluding water and exempt compounds, pursuant to Section 403.
402.3 For coating removers (stripners), surface preparation and cleanup material, the maximum VOC content of the material, as applied, after any mixing or thinning as recommended by the manufacturer. VOC content shall be displayed as grams of VOC per liter of coating (or pounds of VOC per gallon), including water and exempt compounds, pursuant to Section 404.
402.4 For all material, recommendations regarding thinning, reducing, or mixing with any VOC containing material, as defined in Section 251.
402.5 For all material, VOC content may be calculated using product formulation data, or may be determined using the test method in Section 502.1.
CALCULATION FOR DETERMINING VOC CONTENT OF COATINGS, LESS WATER AND EXEMPT COMPounds:

The volume of coating material is defined as the volume of the original coating plus any VOC-containing material added to the original coating. The weight of VOC per combined volume of VOC and coating solids shall be calculated by the following equation:

\[
G_1 = \frac{(W_v - W_w - W_{ec})}{(V_m - V_w - V_{ec})}
\]

Where:
- \(G_1\) = Weight of VOC per total volume of coating, less water and exempt compounds, in grams per liter
- \(W_v\) = Weight of all volatile compounds including any volatile materials added to the original coating supplied by the manufacturer, in grams
- \(W_w\) = Weight of water, in grams
- \(W_{ec}\) = Weight of exempt compounds as listed in Section 220, in grams
- \(V_m\) = Volume of coating material, in liters
- \(V_w\) = Volume of water, in liters
- \(V_{ec}\) = Volume of exempt compounds as listed in Section 220, in liters

CALCULATION FOR DETERMINING VOC CONTENT OF COATING REMOVERS (STRIPPERS) AND SURFACE PREPARATION AND CLEANUP MATERIAL:

The volume of material is defined as the volume of the original material, plus any VOC-containing material added to the original material. The weight of VOC per total volume of material shall be calculated by the following equation:

\[
G_1 = \frac{(W_v - W_w - W_{ec})}{V_m}
\]

Where:
- \(G_1\) = Weight of VOC per total volume of material, in grams per liter
- \(W_v\) = Weight of all volatile compounds, in grams
- \(W_w\) = Weight of water, in grams
- \(W_{ec}\) = Weight of exempt compounds as listed in Section 220, in grams
- \(V_m\) = Volume of material, in liters

CALCULATION FOR DETERMINING PERCENT CONTROL EFFICIENCY AND VOC MASS EMISSION RATE:

The VOC mass emission rate shall be calculated both upstream and downstream of the emissions control device based on the respective VOC mass concentration and volumetric flowrate, pursuant to Section 502.4 and the following equation:

\[
M = \left(\frac{Q}{60}\right)(C)(60 \text{ min/hr})
\]

Where:
- \(M\) = VOC mass emission rate, in lb/hr.
- \(Q\) = the volumetric flowrate of the exhaust stack, in scfm.
- \(C\) = the VOC mass concentration, in lb/scf, as measured by EPA Method 25.
The percent control efficiency is calculated as follows:

\[ \%CE = \left( \frac{M_U - M_D}{M_U} \right) \times 100 \]

Where: 
- \( CE \) = control efficiency. 
- \( M_U \) = the upstream VOC mass emission rate, in lb/hr. 
- \( M_D \) = the downstream VOC mass emission rate, in lb/hr.

### Calculation for Determining Overall System Efficiency

The overall system efficiency is calculated as follows:

\[ \%SE = \left( \frac{\%CLE \times \%CE}{100} \right) \]

Where: 
- \( SE \) = system efficiency. 
- \( CLE \) = collection efficiency, as determined by Section 502.3 
- \( CE \) = control efficiency, as determined by 502.4

### Operation and Maintenance Plan

Any person using an approved emission control device pursuant to Section 306 as a means of complying with this rule, as provided in Sections 301, 302, 303, 305.3, and 305.4 must submit, with the application for Authority to Construct, pursuant to Rule 201, General Permit Requirements, an Operation and Maintenance Plan for the emission control device to the Air Pollution Control Officer for approval. The Plan shall specify operation and maintenance procedures which will demonstrate continuous operation of the emission control device during periods of emissions-producing operations. The Plan shall also specify which records must be kept to document these operation and maintenance procedures. These records shall comply with the requirements of Sections 501.4 and 501.5. The Plan shall be implemented upon approval of the Air Pollution Control Officer.

### Monitoring and Records

#### RECORDKEEPING FOR END USERS

In addition to any existing permit conditions issued pursuant to Rule 201, any person within the District subject to this rule, including operations claiming exemption under Sections 110, 112, and 115, shall comply with the following requirements:

#### 501 LIST OF MATERIALS

A list shall be maintained of currently used coatings, coating removers (strippers), surface preparation materials, cleanup materials, and other VOC containing materials including, but not limited to thinners, reducers, hardeners, retarders, catalysts, etc. The list shall contain all such materials that are currently used and stored on site and shall include the following information:

a. The material type by name/code/manufacturer and the appropriate category as designated by the coating categories or other material categories in Sections 301, 302, 303, 305.3, or “exempt”, as specified by Sections 111 and 112, as applicable.

b. The actual VOC content of the material, as applied, pursuant to Section 252. VOC content as provided by the manufacturer, pursuant to Section 402 is acceptable, if following manufacturer’s recommended mix ratio.

c. The actual mixing ratio used for the material, as applied.

d. The substrate to which the material is applied.

e. Identification of each material type exceeding the VOC limits specified in Sections 301, 303, 305.3, and 305.4.

#### 501.2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

A data sheet applicable to each material type shall be maintained on site and made available to the Air Pollution Control Officer on request. The data sheet shall be provided by the supplier to the end user, pursuant to Section 402, and shall include the following information:
a. The material type by name/code/manufacturer
b. For coating material: the maximum VOC content of the coating material, as applied, after any mixing or thinning as recommended by the manufacturer. VOC content shall be displayed as grams of VOC per liter of coating (or pounds of VOC per gallon), excluding water and exempt compounds, pursuant to Section 403.
c. For coating removers (strippers), surface preparation and cleanup material: the maximum VOC content of the material, as applied, after any mixing or thinning as recommended by the manufacturer. VOC content shall be displayed as grams of VOC per liter of coating (or pounds of VOC per gallon), including water and exempt compounds, pursuant to Section 404.
d. For all material, recommendations regarding thinning, reducing, or mixing with any VOC containing material, as defined in Section 251.
e. For all material, VOC content may be calculated using product formulation data, or may be determined using the test method in Section 502.1.

501.3 USAGE RECORDS: Any person within the District using materials regulated by this rule shall update and maintain the records as follows:

a. Monthly:
   1. Records of total applied volume for each coating, coating remover (stripper), surface preparation and cleanup material, specified by category as listed in Sections 301, 302, 303, and 305.
   2. The method of application, specified by coating category or other material category as listed in Sections 301, 302, and 303 including a designation for touch-up and repair operations, as applicable.
   3. Records of total applied volume for each material type exceeding the VOC limits specified in Sections 301, 303, 305.3, and 305.4 by name/code/manufacturer and coating category.

b. Daily:
   1. If, pursuant to Section 306, an emission control device is used as a means of complying with this rule, records of the material type by name/code/manufacturer and the total applied volume of each material.
   2. For non-compliant materials, as defined in Section 236, records regarding the use, including the lack of use, of each material type by name/code/manufacturer and the total applied volume of each material.

501.4 CONTROL EQUIPMENT: Any person using an emission control device pursuant to Section 306 as a means of complying with this rule shall maintain such records as required by the Operation and Maintenance Plan in Section 407 on a daily basis.

501.5 DURATION OF RECORDS: Such records shall be maintained on-site for five years and made available for review by the Air Pollution Control Officer upon request.

502 TESTING PROCEDURES:

502.1 DETERMINATION OF VOC CONTENT: VOC content of coatings, coating removers (strippers), and surface preparation and cleanup material shall be determined using EPA Reference method 24 and Sections 403 and 404 of this rule and Section 502.5 of this rule.

502.2 DETERMINATION OF ACID CONTENT: Measurement of acid content shall be determined in accordance with ASTM D 1613-06.

502.3 DETERMINATION OF COLLECTION EFFICIENCY: Collection efficiency shall be determined in accordance with the U.S. EPA technical guideline document, "Guidelines for Determining Capture Efficiency," dated January 9, 1995. Individual capture efficiency test runs subject to U.S. EPA technical guidelines shall be determined by:

a. Applicable U.S. EPA methods 204, 204A, 204B, 204C, 204D, 204E, and/or 204F; or
b. Any other method approved by the U.S. EPA, the California Air Resources Board, and the Air Pollution Control Officer.
502.4 **DETERMINATION OF CONTROL EFFICIENCY:** Efficiency of control equipment shall be determined in accordance with EPA Method 18, 25, 25A, EPA Method 2 or 2C (whichever is applicable), and Section 405.

502.5 **DETERMINATION OF COMPOUNDS EXEMPT FROM VOC DEFINITION:** Compounds exempted from VOC definition, as listed in Section 220, shall be determined in accordance with ASTM D 4457-02 (2008) or ARB Method 432. If any of the perfluorocarbons are being claimed as exempt compounds, the person making the claim must state in advance which compounds are present, and the EPA-approved test method used to make the determination of these compounds.

502.6 **DETERMINATION OF METAL CONTENT:** Measurement of metal content shall be conducted and reported in accordance with the South Coast Air Quality Management District’s Method 318, “Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metals in Coatings by X-ray Diffraction”.

502.7 **DETERMINATION OF SOLIDS CONTENT:** Solids content of coatings shall be determined using EPA Reference method 24.

502.8 **MULTIPLE TEST METHODS:** When more than one test method or set of test methods is specified for any testing, a violation of any requirement of this rule established by any one of the specified test methods or set of test methods shall constitute a violation of this rule.