July 30 – August 8, 2018 Proposed Regulation for Criteria Pollutant and Toxic Air Contaminant Emissions Reporting



Presentation Outline

- ✓ Introduction and Overview
- Proposed Regulation: Key Elements

 Breaks for comments at major sections
- Additional Comments and Discussion
- Next Steps and Adjourn

Link to Slides

https://www.arb.ca.gov/ei/ctr/ctr-regulation/ctr-regulation.htm



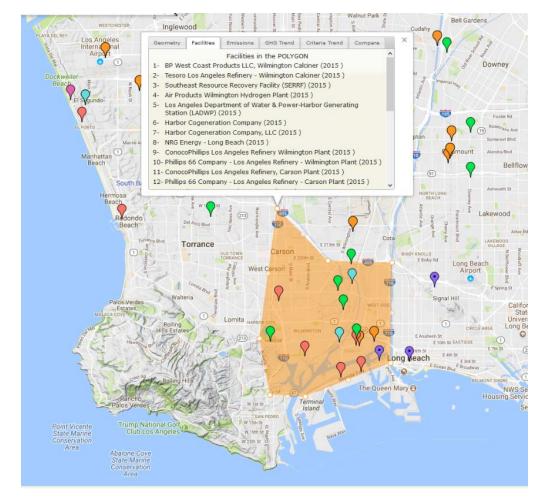


Integrated Emissions Data is a Foundation of CARB's Programs

- Understand sources of different air pollutants
- Support and track progress of state and federal programs
- Harmonize data submittal requirements, methods, deadlines, frequency
- Provide enhanced transparency and public right-to-know under AB 197 and AB 617 requirements
- Modernize and integrate data management processes
 Dramatically improve access in user-friendly forms such as maps



Overview of AB 617 Emissions Reporting Requirements



- Annual emissions data for specified stationary sources
- Uniform, statewide reporting system
- Allows for collection of other relevant facility-level data
- Provides options for data certification or verification



Progress Since First Workshops

- Incorporated feedback received, including 12 comment letters providing input
- Ongoing meetings with stakeholders to discuss implementation details
- Developed preliminary draft regulation text
- Preparing regulatory documents



Comment Letters Received

- Received 12 comment letters following the 1st workshops
- The full comments are available here:
 <u>https://www.arb.ca.gov/ei/ctr/ctr-regulation/ctr-regulation-comments.htm</u>
- Comments were provided on the following topics:
- Implementation
- Standardization
- Dates & Timing
- Applicability
- Toxics Elevated Prioritization

- Community Inventory
- Reporting System
- Emissions Reported
- Verification
- Data Access

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Criteria and Toxics Emissions Reporting Regulation

- Develop initial statewide regulation now, with ongoing updates planned
- Improve method consistency, data consistency, and data accessibility

Initial Regulation

- Establish applicability facilities subject to reporting
- Require annual reporting of criteria and toxics emissions using existing methods
- Provide data reporting requirements for sources

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Overview: Primary Regulation Sections

- § <u>93401</u>: Applicability Sources subject to regulation, exemptions, exclusions, cessation
- § <u>93402</u>: Definitions
- § <u>93403 to 93404</u>: Emission Reporting Requirements and Report Contents
- <u>93405 to 93409</u>: Document Retention, Confidentiality, Enforcement, Preemption, Severability
- <u>93410</u>: Implementation by CARB and Districts



§ 93401(a) – Applicability: Sources Subject to Regulation - MRR

- Four applicability categories for "Stationary sources" subject to reporting, as described in 1st workshops
 - (1) Facilities subject to GHG Mandatory Reporting Regulation (MRR)
 - Sources are well identified though MRR
 - Regulation includes language requiring disaggregation of combined MRR oil & gas production and geothermal power plants to air district facility levels
 - Does not include fuel suppliers, carbon dioxide suppliers, natural gas distribution networks, or electric power entities because they are not discrete "stationary sources"



§ 93401(a) – Applicability: Sources Subject to Regulation - Criteria

- (2) Authorized to emit 250 tons per year (tpy) or more of a nonattainment **criteria pollutant** or its precursors
 - First two years of applicability based on actual emissions, not district-permitted "authorized to emit" quantity
 - Aggregation of all ROG or VOCs, all NO_x, and other nonattainment pollutants are individually considered related to the 250 tpy threshold; i.e., they are not all summed together



§ 93401(a) – Applicability: Sources Subject to Regulation - Toxics

- (3) Receives an "elevated" Air Toxics Hot Spots prioritization score based on cancer or noncancer health impacts
 - "Elevated" means a facility that is categorized by the air district as <u>high priority</u> for toxic emissions at the beginning of the reporting year
 - Based on cancer or noncancer health impacts pursuant to H&SC Section 44360, of the Air Toxics "Hot Spots" program



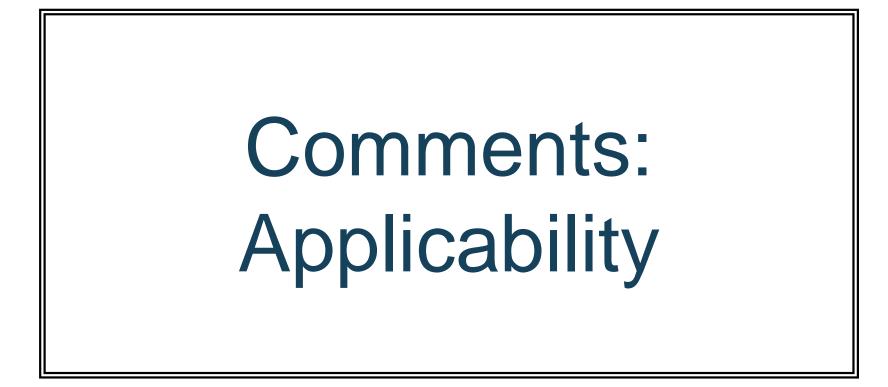
§ 93401(a) – Applicability: Sources Subject to Regulation - Community

(4) All permitted sources within selected communities

- o Emits any criteria pollutant or identified toxic air contaminant
- Is located within the boundary of a community selected pursuant to H&SC 42705.5 or 44391.2.
- Reporting required the year after a community is selected,
 i.e., a facility within a community selected in 2018 must report 2019 emissions in 2020
- o Annual emissions reporting required for initial five years
- Emissions reporting every three years afterwards, unless CARB establishes a different reporting schedule for a facility



Comments





§ 93401(b) – Exclusions

- (b) Establishes that the regulation does not apply to greenhouse gas MRR non-stationary source facilities
 - Applies to: Fuel and CO₂ suppliers, electric power entities, natural gas pipelines and natural gas metering-regulation stations



§ 93401(c-d) – Cessation and Nonapplicability

(c) Cessation

- Facilities no longer meeting MRR and Criteria Pollutant applicability may cease reporting *if not in a selected community*
- Facilities subject to toxics applicability may cease reporting if they perform a health risk assessment (HRA), and are not subject to public notification, and other requirements
- Operators must notify CARB and district if ceasing reporting
- (d) Demonstration of Nonapplicability
 - Provides CARB and air districts authority to request a demonstration that a facility does not meet applicability

§ 93402 – Definitions (1)

- Section includes definitions of terms used in the regulation, examples include:
 - "Applicable nonattainment pollutant or its precursors" used to identify facilities subject to reporting based on criteria air pollutant emissions
 - "Criteria air pollutant" Identifies the gaseous emissions classified as criteria pollutants which are: ROG or VOCs, NO_x, SO_x, CO, PM, lead, and ammonia
 - o "Toxic air contaminant" Identifies which toxic emissions are reportable
 - Proposing: Substances in Appendix A-1 of the Emission Inventory Criteria and Guidelines for the Air Toxics "Hot Spots" Program
 - o Includes substances for which emissions must be quantified



§ 93402 – Definitions (2)

- Additional definitions:
 - "Facility" Establishes what is, and is not, a facility for the purposes of reporting
 - o Similar to GHG Mandatory Reporting definition for individual facilities
 - "Best available data and methods" Identifies how emissions are to be quantified, in the absence of a uniform statewide system
 - "Data year" and "Reporting year" The calendar year in which the emissions occurred. "Calendar year" is the time period from January 1 through December 31 of a single year.
 - "Operator" and "Operational control" Provided to identify who has responsibility for reporting



Comments

Comments: Exemptions, Cessation, Definitions



§ 93403(a) – Emission Reporting Requirements: Reporting Year

- Facilities subject to reporting based on GHG, criteria, and toxic emissions start reporting with 2018 data in 2019
 - For 2018 and 2019 data, facilities subject to criteria pollutant applicability are subject to reporting based on "actual" emissions
 - Starting with 2020 data, applicability based on permitted "authorized to emit" criteria emissions
- For facilities in selected communities, reporting starts the year after the community is selected
 - If selected in 2018, then 2019 data reported in 2020
 - Report for first five years, then every three years, unless CARB approves different schedule

§ 93403(b-c) – Emission Reporting Requirements Submittal of Reports (1)

- Annual facility emissions or activity data to be submitted to air districts, no later than May 1
- Must use currently accepted district or CARB methods, using best available data
- Emissions data must be transferred to CARB by August 1

 Districts may submit data on behalf of facility operators
- For reports not submitted to CARB by August 1, or for incomplete or accurate reports, CARB will work with districts and facilities to obtain required data



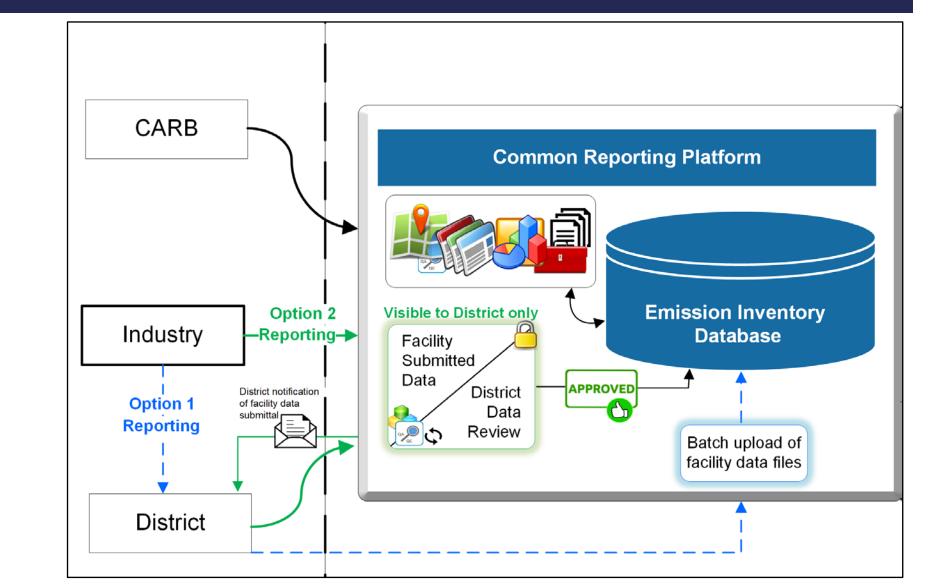
§ 93403(c-e) – Emission Reporting Requirements Submittal of Reports (2)

- Starting with 2020 data, facility emissions information may be submitted in an electronic format
 - CARB will provide an electronic data system for facilitating data transmittals for districts without an existing robust inventory infrastructure
 - o Districts to provide approval to facilities for reporting to CARB system
 - o Facilities may use other district-approved data submission methods
- New facilities are subject to reporting emissions for the first full calendar year of operation
- For changes of ownership, the owner or operator at the time of a reporting deadline has responsibility for reporting
 CARB

Electronic Data Reporting Conceptual Diagram

- Potential data flow for proposed CARB electronic data system
- Allows for data submission via district, or direct data submission to CARB





§ 93404 – Emissions Report Contents (1)

- Reports to include facility detailed location information
- To the extent feasible, reporting is required at the permitted device or process level for: direct, process, and fugitive emissions
- Emissions release location information required for stacks, vents, etc., and updated if there are facility changes
- Emission estimation methods and factors must be provided

§ 93404 – Emissions Report Contents (2)

- The following emissions must be reported:
 - o Actual annual emissions of each criteria pollutant
 - o Actual annual emissions of each reportable toxic air contaminant
 - Reportable toxics are as specified in Appendix A-1 of the "Hot Spots" Criteria and Guidelines document
- Reports must include the NAICS code, owner operator, and other information for the facility
- Submitted facility data must include an attestation that the submitted data is true, complete, and correct



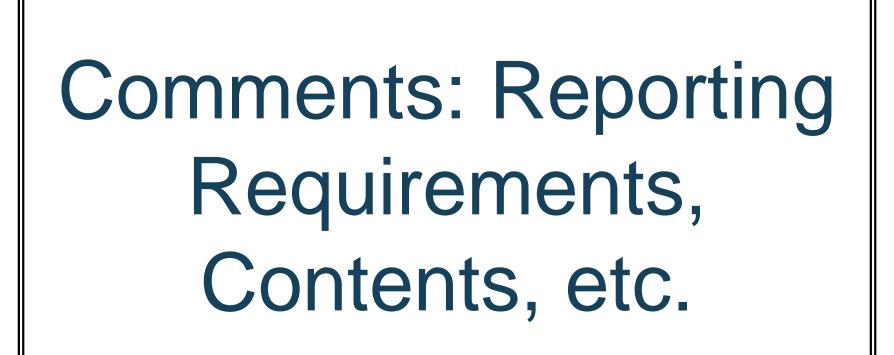
§ 93405 – Document Retention & Record Keeping

- Records and documentation must be retained for five years
- CARB or district staff may inspect records onsite
- Records that are requested must be provided within 30 days
- Records include, but are not limited to information used to quantify or report emissions data, underlying monitoring or metering data, invoices of deliveries, calculation methods, protocols, etc.

§ 93406 – Confidentiality

- Emissions data is public information, and cannot be designated as confidential
- Facility operators may claim information as "confidential" by clearly identifying it as such
- Claims of confidentiality must be based on the belief that the information is trade secret or otherwise exempt from public disclosure
- Any requests for confidentiality shall be handled in accordance with CCR sections 91000-91022

Comments





§ 93407 – Enforcement

- Late reports, reports that are not submitted, and incomplete reports are a violation of the regulation
- Falsifying data, or submitting or producing inaccurate information is a violation
- CARB enforcement authority does not preempt local air district enforcement authority



§ 93408 - 93409 – Preemption and Severability

- This regulation does not preempt any more stringent air district requirements
 - CARB Executive Officer retains authority to determine if air district requirement is more stringent
- Compliance with this article does not excuse noncompliance with Federal regulations
- If any part of this article is held invalid, the remainder of the article remains in full force



§ 93410 – Implementation by CARB and Districts

- Requirements are enforceable by CARB <u>and</u> local air districts
- Implementation or enforcement by a district may not result in a standard, requirement, or prohibition less stringent than provided in this article
- Any district permit or rule do not alter the terms of this article
- Implementation or enforcement by districts does not in any way waive or limit CARB's authority

Subarticle 2. Calculating and Reporting Emissions Methods

- Subarticle 2 is a placeholder section
- In the future, it will include approved uniform methods for use by facility operators statewide
- Methods will be developed in coordination with industry, air districts, CAPCOA, and others



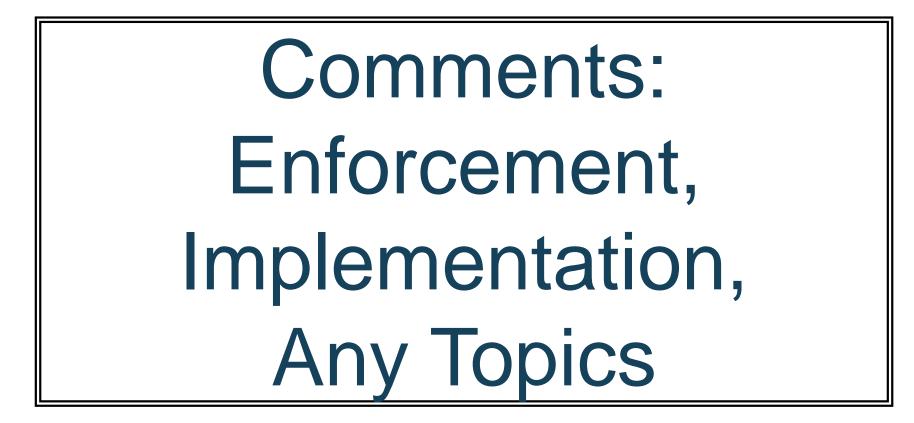
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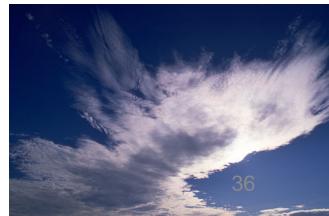




Next Steps

- Continue working with stakeholders to refine current regulation text
- Prepare staff report with rationale, costs, etc.
- Tentative Board Date: December 2018
 - Staff documents and final proposed regulation text available late October (45-day comment period) for December Board meeting
- Please submit comments by August 23 to:
 - <u>ctr-report@arb.ca.gov</u>





Contact Us – Reporting Regulation

Criteria Pollutant and Air Toxics Reporting

- Website:
 - <u>https://www.arb.ca.gov/ei/ctr/ctr-</u> regulation/ctr-regulation.htm
- Email
 - ctr-report@arb.ca.gov
- Click "<u>Subscribe</u>" for Criteria & Toxics Reporting Regulation listserve registration

Contact Us – Reporting: Key Staff

Criteria Pollutant and Air Toxics Reporting

- Dave Edwards, Branch Chief <u>david.edwards@arb.ca.gov</u> 916.323.4887
- John Swanson, Manager john.swanson@arb.ca.gov 916.323.3076
- Patrick Gaffney, Lead Staff patrick.gaffney@arb.ca.gov 916.322.7303





OCAP Contact Us – Community Selection, Monitoring, BACT/BARCT

CARB Office of Community Air Protection

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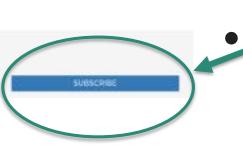
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SEARCH CARE

The goal of AB 617 is to ensure that everyone benefits from our state's air guality efforts, especially those that live in the most severely pollution impacted areas of California. AB617 provides for:

- Community level monitoring
- Statewide strategy to reduce emissions impacting communities
- Community-specific emission reduction plans
- Accelerated retrofit of pollution control equipment at existing facilities near communities.
- Direct reporting of emissions to the CARB
- Increased penalties

EMAIL UPDATES



- Website:
 - <u>https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/our-</u> work/programs/community-airprotection-program-ab617
- Email
 - <u>CommunityAir@arb.ca.gov</u>
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