SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This Settlement Agreement (Agreement) is entered into by and between the California Air Resources Board (ARB), with its principal office at 1001 I Street, Sacramento, California, and The Bullen Companies (Bullen) with its principal place of business at 1640 Delmar Drive, Folcroft, Pennsylvania.

RECITALS

1. ARB alleges that between July 2013 and July 2014, Bullen supplied or sold in California their Clausen GTO Solvent Spotter product that was subject to the prohibition against using perchloroethylene in a Spot Remover, title 17, California Code of Regulations (CCR), section 94509(m)(1) for products manufactured after December 31, 2012.

2. ARB alleges that the product Clausen GTO Solvent Spotter referenced in recital paragraph 1 sold in California, contained perchloroethylene in violation title 17 CCR, Section 94509(m)(1).

3. ARB alleges that between July 2013 and July 2014, Bullen supplied to California their Clausen GTO Solvent Spotter product that was subject to the volatile organic compound (VOC) limit for Spot Removers, title 17, California Code of Regulations (CCR), section 94509.

4. ARB alleges that the Clausen GTO Solvent Spotter product referenced in recital paragraph 1 contained concentrations of VOCs exceeding the 15 percent VOC limit for Spot Removers specified in title 17, CCR, section 94509(a).

5. ARB alleges that if the allegations described in recital paragraphs 1 through 4 were proven, civil penalties could be imposed against Bullen as provided in Health and Safety Code sections 42402 et seq. for each and every unit involved in the violation.

6. Bullen admits the violations described in recital paragraphs 1 through 4, but denies any liability resulting from them.

7. The parties agree to resolve this matter completely by means of this Agreement, without the need for formal litigation.

Therefore, the parties agree as follows:

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

1. Bullen shall not sell, supply or offer for sale for use in California any consumer product in violation of ARB's Consumer Products Regulations set forth in title 17, CCR, Section 94500 et seq. however, the terms and conditions set forth

in this agreement will remain valid and enforceable notwithstanding any future violations that may occur.

2. Bullen in settlement of the above-described violations agrees to pay a penalty to ARB in the amount of $5,000.00 payable to the California Air Resources Board, concurrent with the execution of this Agreement.

3. This settlement shall apply to and be binding upon Bullen and its officers, directors, receivers, trustees, employees, successors and assignees, subsidiary and parent corporations and upon ARB and any successor agency that may have responsibility for and jurisdiction over the subject matter of this settlement.

4. The parties stipulate that this Agreement shall be the final resolution of ARB's claims regarding the above-described violations and shall have the same res judicata effect as a judgment in terms of acting as bar to any civil action by ARB against Bullen, its officers, directors, receivers, trustees, employees, successors and assignees, subsidiary and parent corporations. This Agreement shall be deemed the recovery of civil penalties for purposes of precluding subsequent criminal action as provided in Health and Safety Code section 42400.7(a).

5. This Agreement shall be interpreted and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of California, without regard to California's choice of law rules.

6. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement and understanding between ARB and Bullen concerning the claims and settlement in this Agreement, and this Agreement fully supersedes and replaces any and all prior negotiations and agreement of any kind or nature, whether written or oral, between the ARB and Bullen concerning these claims.

7. No agreement to modify, amend, extend, supersede, terminate, or discharge this Agreement, or any portion thereof, shall be valid or enforceable unless it is in writing and signed by all parties to this Agreement.

8. Each of the undersigned represents and warrants that he or she has full power and authority to enter into this Agreement.

9. **SB 1402 Statement.** California Health and Safety Code (HSC) section 39619.7 (Senate Bill 1402 - Dutton, Chapter 413, statutes of 2010) requires ARB to provide information on the basis for the penalties it seeks. This Settlement Agreement includes this information, which is also summarized here.

The provision of law the penalty is being assessed under and why that provision is most appropriate for that violation.

The penalty provisions being applied in this case is HSC section 42402, et seq. because Bullen sold, supplied, offered for sale, or manufactured for sale consumer products for commerce in California in violation of ARB's Consumer Product Regulations Title 17 CCR 94500, et seq.

The manner in which the penalty amount was determined, including aggravating and mitigating factors and per unit or per vehicle basis for the penalty.

Penalties must be set at levels sufficient to discourage violations. ARB considered all relevant circumstances in determining penalties, including the eight factors specified in HSC section 42403.

Under HSC section 42402, et seq. the penalties for strict liability violations of the Consumer Product Regulations are a maximum of $1,000 per day of violation, with each day being a separate violation. In cases like this one involving unintentional first time violations of the Consumer Products Regulations, the ARB has sought and obtained penalties of approximately $25,000 per ton of excess emissions of toxic air contaminants (TAC) attributable to the violation. However, in similar cases with extremely small amounts of excess emissions of a TAC, ARB has historically obtained penalties that reflect that the violation occurred on at least five days including the day the product was supplied to the retailer and offered for sale in California, including the cost of investigating the violation. In this case the total penalty is $5,000.00 which includes penalties for the TAC violation and our investigative costs. Penalties in future cases might be smaller or larger on a per ton basis.

Is the penalty being assessed under a provision of law that prohibits the emission of pollution at a specified level, and, if so a quantification of excess emissions, if it is practicable to do so.

The Consumer Product Regulations do not prohibit emissions above a specific level, but they do limit the concentration of VOCs and prohibit the use of perchloroethylene in regulated products. In this case a quantification of the excess emissions attributable to the violation was not practicable because Bullen was able to recall the majority of the products supplied to California.

10. Bullen acknowledges that ARB has complied with SB1402 in investigating and settling this case. Specifically, ARB has considered all relevant facts, including those listed at HSC section 42403, has explained the manner in which the penalty amount was calculated, has identified the provision of law under which the penalty is being assessed and has considered and

determined that while this penalty is not being assessed under a provision of law that prohibits the emission of pollutants at a specified level, it is practicable for ARB to quantify the excess emissions from the alleged violations, has done so and has included this information in this Settlement Agreement.

11. Final penalties were determined based on the unique circumstances of this matter, considered together with the need to remove any economic benefit from noncompliance, the goal of deterring future violations and obtaining swift compliance, the consideration of past penalties in similar negotiated cases, and the potential costs and risk associated with litigating these particular violations. The penalty reflects violations extending over a number of days resulting in quantifiable harm to the environment considered together with the complete circumstances of this case listed above. The penalty was also based on Bullen full cooperation with the investigation, their ability to recall the majority of the products, and the lack of prior violations. Penalties in future cases might be smaller or larger on a per ton basis.

12. The final penalty in this case was based in part on confidential business information provided by Bullen that is not retained by ARB in the ordinary course of business. The penalty in this case was also based on confidential settlement communications between ARB and Bullen that ARB does not retain in the ordinary course of business either. The penalty also reflects ARB's assessment of the relative strength of its case against Bullen, the desire to avoid the uncertainty, burden and expense of litigation, obtain swift compliance with the law and remove any unfair advantage that Bullen may have secured from its actions.

CALIFORNIA AIR RESOURCES BOARD

Dated: 10/20/14

By: _____
James R. Ryden, Chief
Enforcement Division

THE BULLEN COMPANIES

Dated: 10/6/14

By: _____
F. Scott Jarden
President