SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This Settlement Agreement (Agreement) is entered into by and between the California Air Resources Board (ARB), with its principal office at 1001 I Street, Sacramento, California, and FTI Corporation with its principal place of business at 8 Vreeland Road, Florham, New Jersey.

RECITALS

1. ARB alleges that between July 2010 and June 2013, FTI Corporation manufactured for sale, offered for sale, and sold in California cans of Tetra Gun Degreaser: Action Blaster product that were subject to the prohibition against using Methylene Chloride in General Purpose Degreasers, title 17, California Code of Regulations (CCR), section 94509(m)(1) for products manufactured after 12/31/2005.

2. ARB alleges that the Tetra Gun Degreaser: Action Blaster product referenced in recital paragraph 1, and offered for sale in California, contained methylene chloride in violation title 17 CCR, Section 94509(m)(1).

3. ARB alleges that if the allegations described in recital paragraphs 1 and 2 were proven, civil penalties could be imposed against FTI Corporation as provided in Health and Safety Code sections 42402 et seq. for each and every unit involved in the violation.

4. FTI Corporation admits the allegations described in recital paragraphs 1 and 2, but denies any liability resulting from said allegations.

5. The parties agree to resolve this matter completely by means of this Agreement, without the need for formal litigation.

Therefore, the parties agree as follows:

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

1. FTI Corporation shall not sell, supply or offer for sale for use in California any consumer products in violation of ARB consumer products regulations set forth in title 17, CCR, Section 94500 et seq. however, the terms and conditions set forth in this agreement will remain valid and enforceable notwithstanding any future violations that may occur.

2. FTI Corporation is prohibited from manufacturing for sale in California any consumer products containing methylene chloride, trichloroethylene, or perchloroethylene after the date of execution of this agreement.

3. FTI Corporation in settlement of the above-described violation of title17, CCR, section 94509(m)(1) agrees to pay a penalty to ARB in the amount of $23,000.00 paid in two payments to the California Air Pollution Control Fund. The first payment of eleven thousand five hundred dollars ($11,500.00) shall be made no later than June 11, 2014 and will be concurrent with the execution of this agreement. One additional payment of eleven thousand five hundred dollars ($11,500.00) shall be made on October 10, 2014. If any payment is more than 15 days late, the entire remaining balance becomes immediately due and payable.

4. This settlement shall apply to and be binding upon FTI Corporation and its officers, directors, receivers, trustees, employees, successors and assignees, subsidiary and parent corporations and upon ARB and any successor agency that may have responsibility for and jurisdiction over the subject matter of this settlement.

5. The parties stipulate that this Agreement shall be the final resolution of ARB claims regarding the above-described violation and shall have the same res judicata effect as a judgment in terms of acting as bar to any civil action by ARB against FTI Corporation, its officers, directors, receivers, trustees, employees, successors and assignees, subsidiary and parent corporations. This Agreement shall be deemed the recovery of civil penalties for purposes of precluding subsequent criminal action as provided in Health and Safety Code section 42400.7(a).

6. This Agreement shall be interpreted and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of California, without regard to California's choice of law rules.

7. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement and understanding between ARB and FTI Corporation concerning the claims and settlement in this Agreement, and this Agreement fully supersedes and replaces any and all prior negotiations and agreement of any kind or nature, whether written or oral, between the ARB and FTI Corporation concerning these claims.

8. No agreement to modify, amend, extend, supersede, terminate, or discharge this Agreement, or any portion thereof, shall be valid or enforceable unless it is in writing and signed by all parties to this Agreement.

9. Each of the undersigned represents and warrants that he or she has full power and authority to enter into this Agreement.

10. **SB 1402 Statement**. California Health and Safety Code (HSC) section 39619.7 (Senate Bill 1402 - Dutton, Chapter 413, statutes of 2010) requires ARB to provide information on the basis for the penalties it seeks. This

Settlement Agreement includes this information, which is also summarized here.

The provision of law the penalty is being assessed under and why that provision is most appropriate for that violation.

The penalty provision being applied is this case is HSC section 42402, et seq. because FTI Corporation sold, supplied, offered for sale, or manufactured for sale a consumer product for commerce in California in violation of the Consumer Products Regulations (Title 17 California Code of Regulations (CCR) section 94507, et seq.). The penalty provisions of HSC section 42402, et seq. apply to violations of the Consumer Products Regulations because the regulations were adopted under authority of HSC section 41712 which is in Part 4 of Division 26 of the Health and Safety Code. The penalty provisions of HSC section 42402, et seq. apply to requirements adopted pursuant to Part 4.

The manner in which the penalty amount was determined, including aggravating and mitigating factors and per unit or per vehicle basis for the penalty.

Penalties must be set at levels sufficient to discourage violations. ARB considered all relevant circumstances in determining penalties, including the eight factors specified in HSC section 42403.

Under HSC section 42402, et seq. the penalties for strict liability violations of the Consumer Product Regulations are a maximum of $1,000 per day of violation, with each day being a separate violation. In cases like this involving an unintentional violation of the Consumer Products Regulations where the violator cooperates with the investigation, the ARB has sought and obtained penalties of approximately $25,000 per ton of excess emissions of methylene chloride attributable to the violation. This represents an average cost to retire a ton of methylene chloride emission credits and reformulate a product to comply with the Consumer Product Regulations. In this case the total penalty is $23,000 for the 1.27 tons of excess methylene chloride emissions attributable to the violation. This represents a penalty of approximately $18,100 per ton of excess emissions. The penalty in this case was reduced because FTI Corporation has committed to reformulate this product and any other products sold if California to eliminate the use of a chlorinated compound, made diligent efforts to comply, and cooperated with the investigation. Penalties in future cases might be smaller or larger on a per ton basis.

Is the penalty being assessed under a provision of law that prohibits the emission of pollution at a specified level, and, if so a quantification of the excess emissions, if it is practicable to do so.

The Consumer Product Regulations do not prohibit emissions above a specific level, but they do limit the concentration of VOCs and chlorinated compounds in regulated products. In this case a quantification of the excess emissions attributable to the violation was practicable because FTI Corporation made the product formulation and sales data necessary to make this quantification available to the ARB. Based upon this information (which FTI Corporation has designated as confidential), the violations were calculated to have caused the 1.27 of excess emissions of chlorinated compounds to be emitted to the atmosphere in California.

11. FTI Corporation acknowledges that ARB has complied with SB1402 in investigating and settling this case. Specifically, ARB has considered all relevant facts, including those listed at HSC section 42403, has explained the manner in which the penalty amount was calculated, has identified the provision of law under which the penalty amount is being assessed and had considered and determined that while this penalty is not being assessed a provision of law that prohibits the emission of pollutants at a specified level, it is practicable for ARB to quantify the excess emissions from the alleged violations, has done so and has included this information in this Settlement Agreement.

12. Final penalties were determined based on the unique circumstances of this matter, considered together with the need to remove any economic benefit from noncompliance the goal of deterring future violations and obtaining swift compliance, the consideration of past penalties in similar negotiated cases, and the potential costs and risk associated with litigating these particular violations. The penalty reflects violations extending over a number of days resulting in quantifiable harm to the environment considered together with the complete circumstances of this case listed above. The penalty was discounted in this matter based on the fact that this was an unintentional violation and FTI Corporation made diligent efforts to comply and to cooperate with the investigation. Penalties in future cases might be smaller or larger on a per ton basis.

13. The final penalty in this case was based in part on confidential business information provided by FTI Corporation that is not retained by ARB in the ordinary course of business. The penalty in this case was also based on confidential settlement communications between ARB and FTI Corporation that ARB does not retain in the ordinary course of business either. The penalty also, reflects ARB's assessment of the relative strength of its case against FTI Corporation, the desire to avoid the uncertainty, burden and expense of litigation, obtain swift compliance with the law and remove any unfair advantage that FTI Corporation may have secured from its actions.

CALIFORNIA AIR RESOURCES BOARD

Dated: 6/19/2014

By: _____
Ellen M. Peter
Chief Counsel

FTI CORPORATION

Dated: 5/27/14

By: _____

Dr. Donald Shaw
Vice President of Development