

The Effects of Biodiesel and Other Alternative Diesel Fuels on Emissions from Diesel Vehicles

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Biodiesel Background

- **Can be readily substituted for standard diesel**
- **Can be produced domestically from renewable sources**
- **Legislative incentives have stimulated increases in biodiesel fuel use**
- **Growing body of data demonstrating benefit of biodiesel in reducing THC, CO, and PM**
 - **Some compared to Federal #2 diesel**
- **Recent CE-CERT biodiesel emissions results for light heavy-duty diesel vehicles were less promising in comparison with a 10% aromatic Calif. diesel**

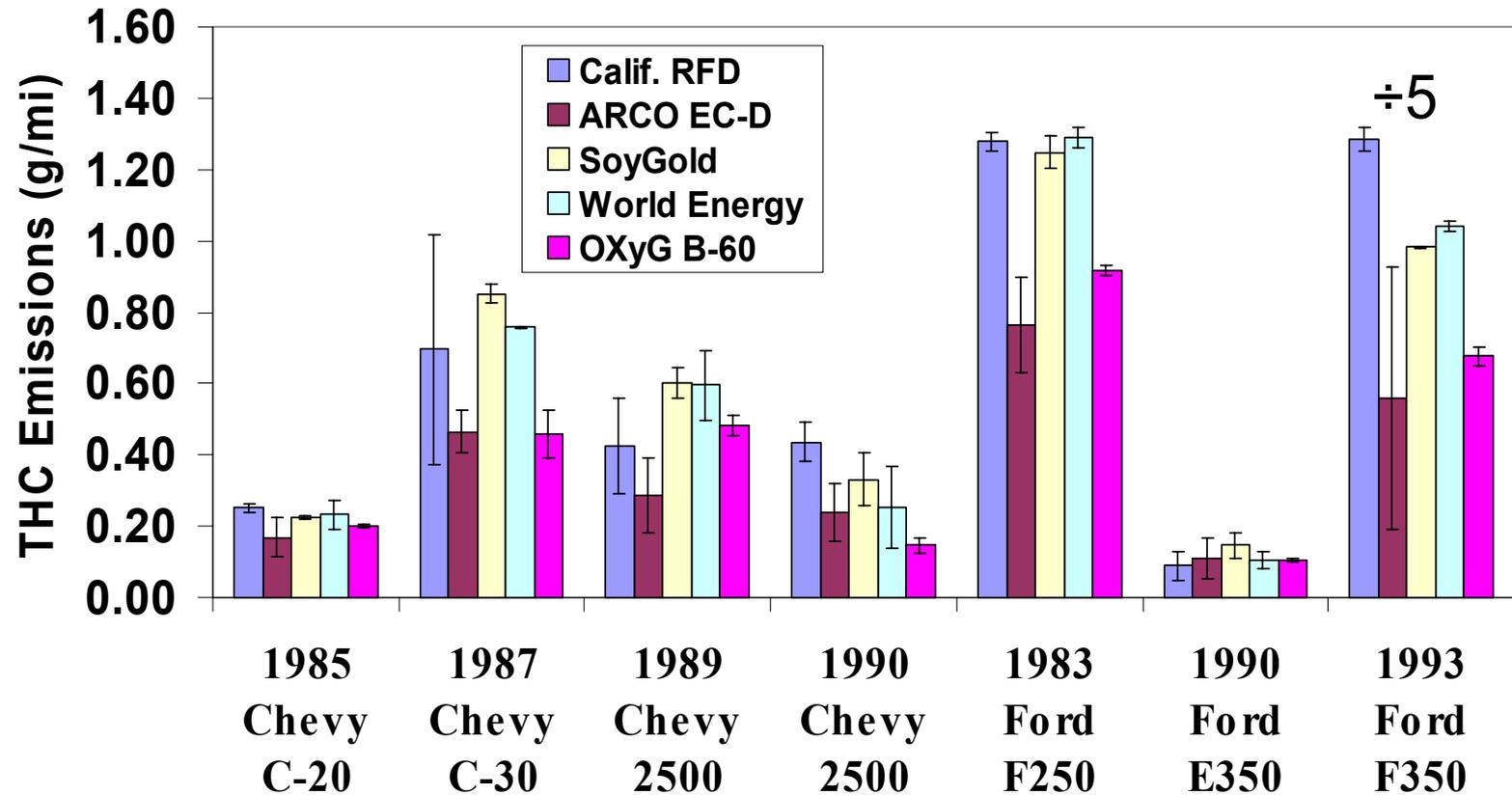
ARCO EC-Diesel Background

- **New generation clean diesel fuel**
- **S < 15 ppm, aromatics < 10%v, cetane near 60**
- **Demonstration projects: San Diego School District, Cities of LA and Santa Monica, Hertz Equipment, and Ralphs Grocery Co.**
- **Being used in conjunction with Passive Regenerating Particulate filters for maximum emissions benefits**
 - Johnson Matthey and Engelhard
- **Low sulfur also enables NO_x catalyst technologies**
- **ECD-1 more commercial version S < 15 ppm**

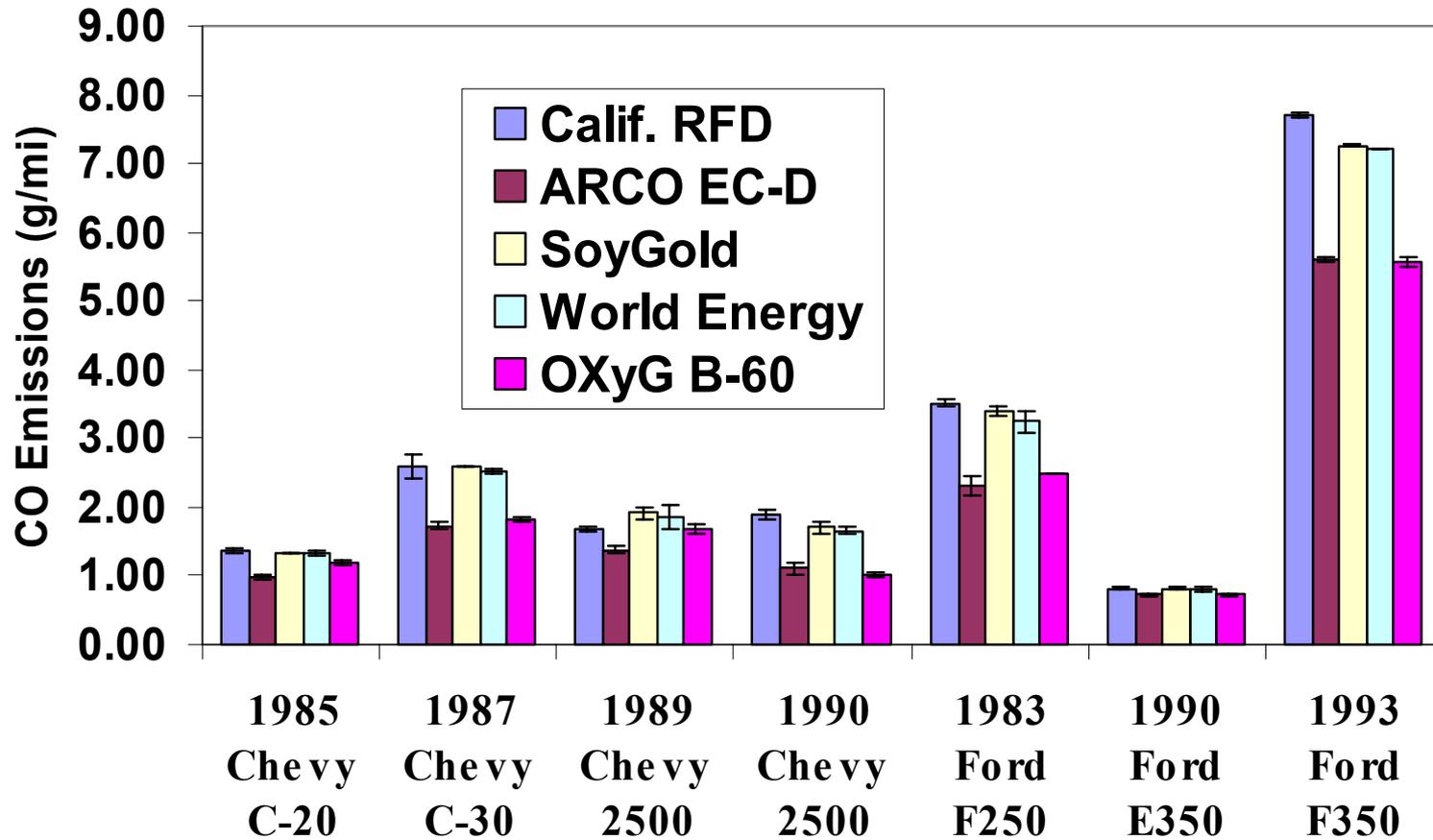
Testing Overview

- **5 fuels**
 - in-use California diesel
 - ARCO's EC-diesel
 - 20% blend with SoyGold biodiesel (soy-based)
 - 20% blend with World Energy biodiesel (soy-based)
 - 20% blend with OXyG B-60 biodiesel (yellow grease-based)
- **7 Light heavy-duty diesel vehicles**
- **Emissions measured: THC, NO_x, CO, PM**
- **PM analyses: elements, trace metals, OC and EC, ions - 5 vehicles**
- **Semi-volatile and particle PAHs - 5 vehicles**
- **Hydrocarbon speciation - 2 vehicles**
 - C₁-C₁₂ GC bags and C₈-C₂₀ tenax sampling

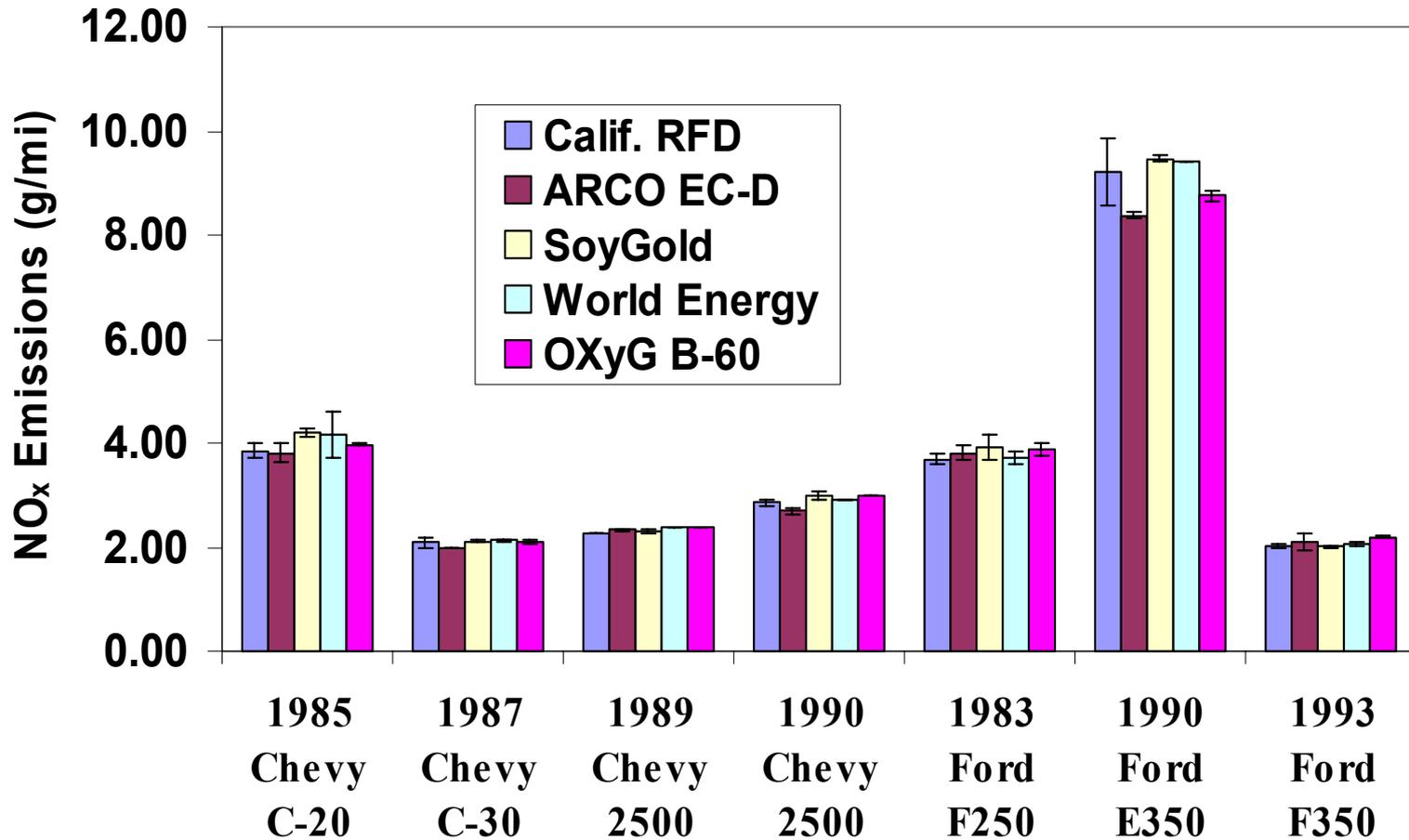
FTP THC Emissions



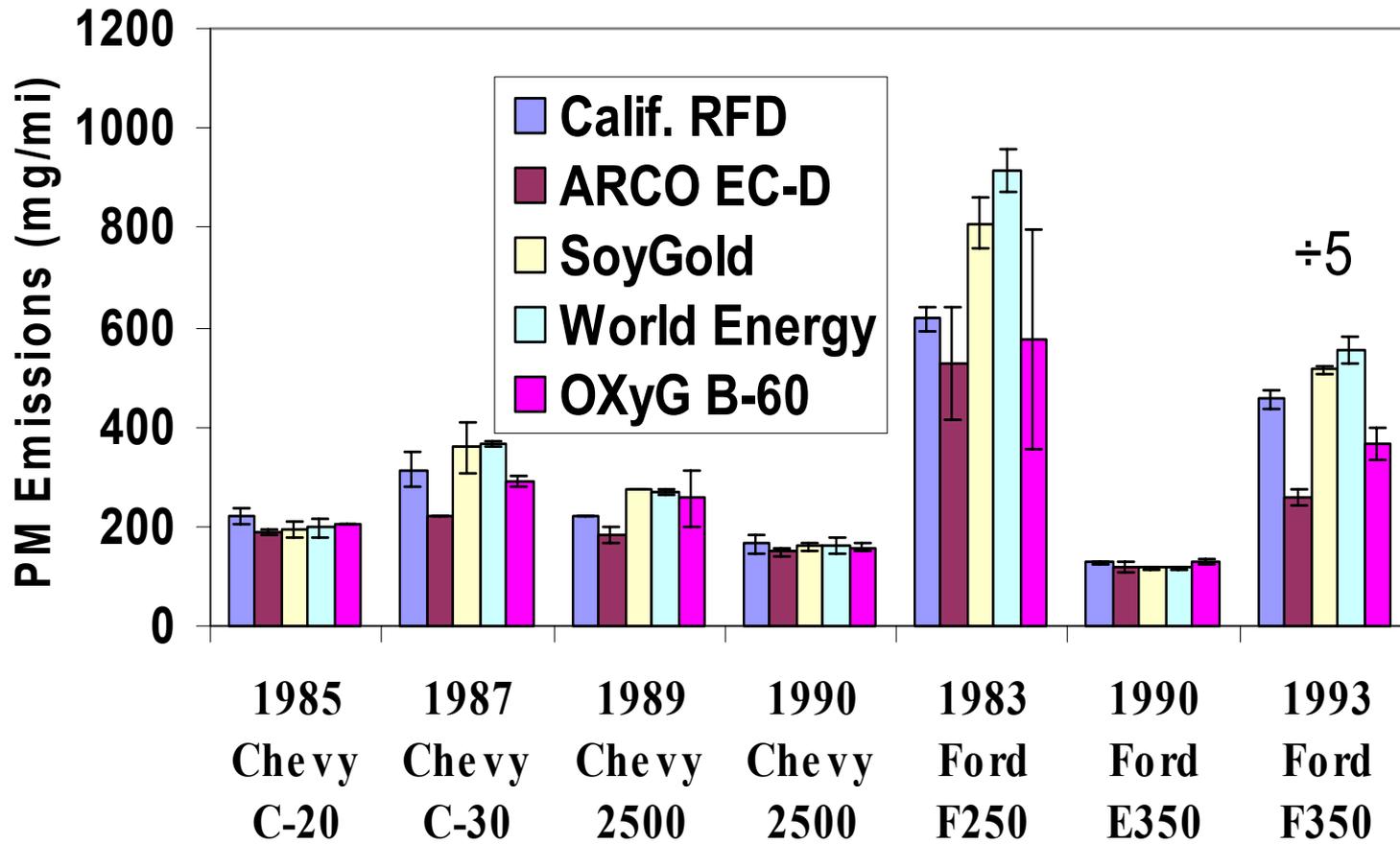
FTP CO Emissions



FTP NO_x Emissions



FTP PM Emissions



Results

- Overall, THC and CO emissions were similar for RFD and soy-based biodiesels
- THC and CO emissions were lower for ARCO EC-diesel and yellow-grease biodiesel compared to RFD
- NO_x similar for all fuels and blends
- Only ARCO EC-diesel provided significant PM reductions relative to the Cal. RFD
- Best performing fuels each have cetane numbers in excess of 60

Future Studies

- **The role of biodiesel fuels in non-tactical military applications is expanding**
- **Just initiated program sponsored by Department of Defense – Environmental Security Technology Certification Program**
- **Program run through Naval Facilities Engineering Service Center, Port Hueneme**
- **Obtain emissions data for DoD diesel engines fueled with various biodiesel fuels.**
- **Test two yellow-grease and one soybean oil based biodiesel. Results will be compared to ULSD and JP-8.**
- **Evaluate fuel additives.**
- **Focus on obtaining emissions data not currently available in the literature.**
- **Test a minimum of 8 vehicles and 2 stationary engines.**
- **Use EPA-approved duty-cycles and test procedures.**
- **Assist with obtaining approval to use yellow-grease-based biodiesel in GSA vehicles and approved for purchase by DLA (DESC).**

TEST ENGINES AND VEHICLES

- **8 VEHICLES** selected from buses, trucks, non-road and tactical vehicles.
- **3 ENGINES** selected by Army Aberdeen Test Center (ATC) for on-road monitoring of emissions using EPA Rover system (no PM).
- **OFF-ROAD VEHICLE** tested cooperatively with SERDP off-road project if SERDP funds permit.

TEST CYCLE/FUEL MATRIX

Item No.	Test Location	Application Description	Owner/ Operator	Engine Make/Model	Model Year	Fuel Type/ Fuel Additive	Test Cycle/Load	Regulated Emissions	PM Characterization
1	CAVTC	Thomas Bus	Camp Pendleton	CAT 3126, 330 HP	2000 Engine 1999	B20(soy) ULSD	CBD, NYBC, UDDS	All	No
	On-Road	License No. G3200583					On-Road	CO, HC, NOx	No
2	CE-CERT	HMMWV (Hummer)	Nellis AFB	GM 6.5L Model A2	TBD	ULSD JP-8 B20(YGA) B50(YGA) B70(YGA) B100(YGA) B20(soy) B100(YGA) + Additive 1 B100(YGA) + Additive2	FTP, US06	All	JP-8 B20(YGA) B100(YGA) FTP Modes Only
3	Naval Base East Coast	Aircraft Tow Vehicle				JP-5 B20(YGA)	In-Use, 8-Mode	CO, HC, NOx	No
4	CE-CERT	Stake Truck, Ford F-series		Cummins 5.9L - 175	1998 Engine 1997	ULSD B20(YGA) B20(soy)	13-mode	All	No

TEST CYCLE/FUEL MATRIX

Item No.	Test Location	Application Description	Owner/ Operator	Engine Make/Model	Model Year	Fuel Type/ Fuel Additive	Test Cycle/Load	Regulated Emissions	PM Characterization
5	CE-CERT	Tractor, Ford L-9000	Port Hueneme	Caterpillar 102-9557	1994	ULSD B20(YGA) B20(YGB)	CARB, UDDS On-Road	All	ULSD B20(YGA) CARB Cycle only
6	Aberdeen	Fork lift	Aberdeen	Perkins YPKXL03 OUA1	TBD	ULSD B20(soy)	In-use	HC, CO, NO _x	No
7	CE-CERT	Ford F-350 Pick-up	Nellis AFB		2003	ULSD B20 (soy)	FTP US06	All	No
8	CE-CERT	New Bus	Camp Pendleton		2003	ULSD B20(YGA) B20(soy)	13-Mode	All	ULSD B20(soy) One Mode only
9	CE-CERT	Stationary Back-up generator	Nellis AFB	TBD	TBD	ULSD B100(YGA) B20(YGA)	5-Mode	All	ULSD B100(YGA) 75% Power Mode Only
10	CE-CERT	Army 60 KW Tactical Generator	Fort Irwin	TBD	TBD	JP-8 B20(YGA)	5-Mode	All	No

The End

- **Funding**

- South Coast Air Quality Management District
- Southern States Power Company
- Department of Defense - Environmental Security Technology Certification Program
- Department of Defense – Strategic Environmental Research and Development Program

- **Papers**

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- Durbin, Zhu and Norbeck. 2003. *Atmos. Environ.*, vol. 37, 2105-2116.