2016 PM2.5 State Implementation Plan for the San Joaquin Valley

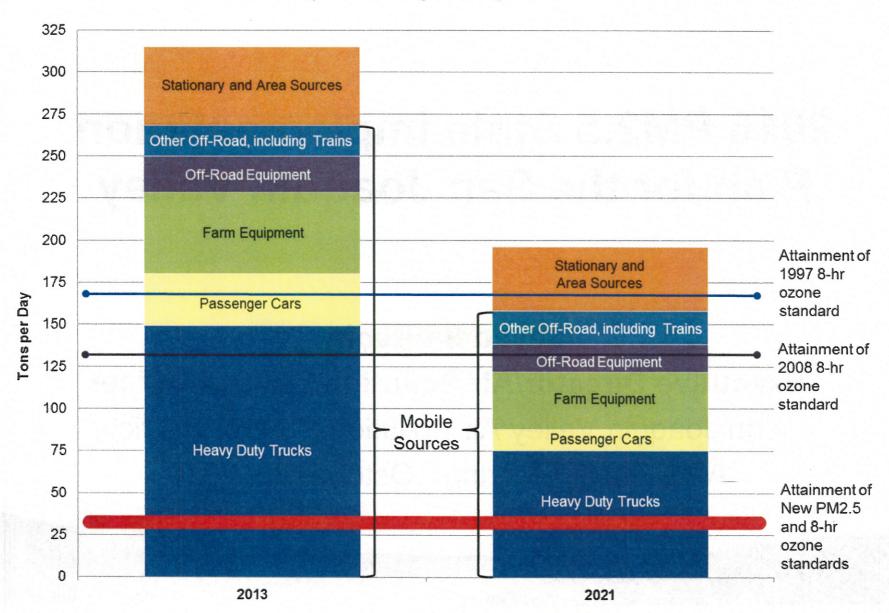
Seyed Sadredin

Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer

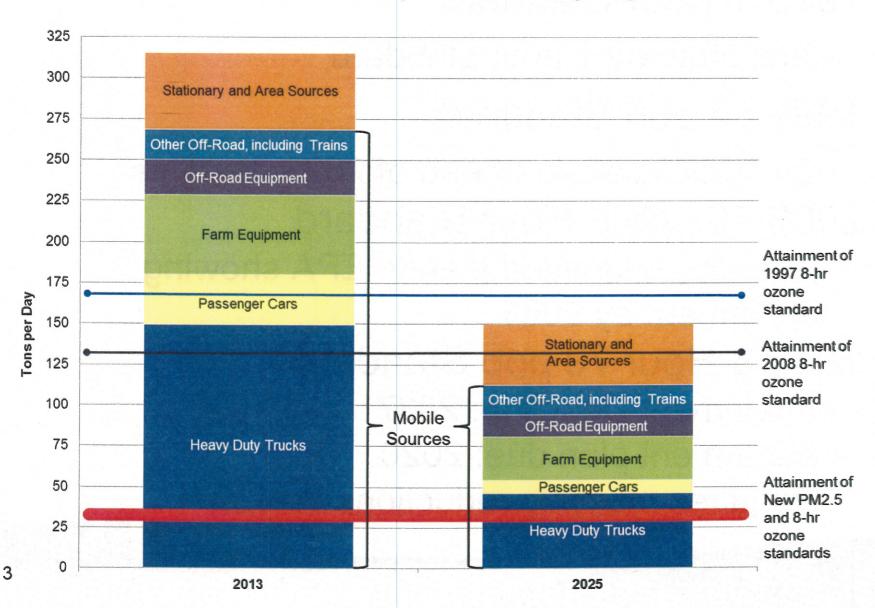
San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District ARB Public Hearing - October 20, 2016



Attaining the 2012 PM2.5 Standard by 2021 Physically Impossible



Attaining the 2012 PM2.5 Standard by 2025 Extremely Challenging



Federal Ozone Standards and Deadlines

- 1979 1-Hour Standard
 - Just attained 1-hour standard
- 1997 84 ppb Standard
 - On track to attain ahead of 2023 deadline
- 2008 75 ppb 8-Hour Standard
 - Recently submitted plan to EPA showing attainment by 2031
- 2015 8-Hour 70 ppb Standard
 - Attainment Deadline: 2037
 - Attainment plan due: 2020
 - Requires massive reductions in NOx

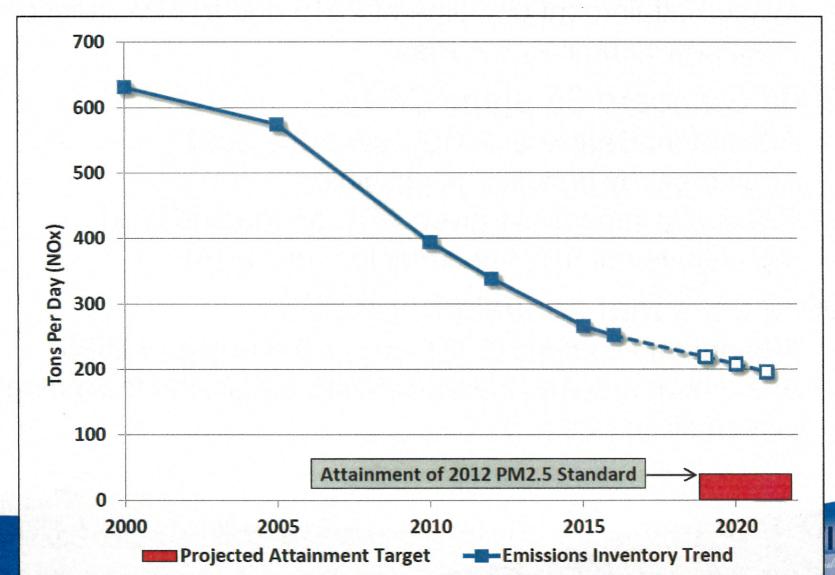


Federal PM2.5 Standards and Deadlines

- 1997 Standard 24-hr (65 μg/m³) annual (15 μg/m³)
 - Missed attainment deadline of 2015 due to EPA inaction, must now submit a "5% Plan"
- 2006 Standard 35 μg/m³ 24-hr
 - Attainment Deadline: 2019 plan due 2017
 - Attainment by deadline impossible
 - Physically impossible given ARB on road/off road regulations not fully implemented until 2023
- 2012 Standard annual (12 μg/m³)
 - Attainment Deadline: 2021 can be extended to 2025
 - Attainment requires zero/near-zero emissions technology across all sources



NOx Target for Attainment of 2012 PM2.5 Standard



Transformative Control Measures Required to Attain Upcoming Standards

- Despite major reductions, impossible to attain new standards without transformative control measures
 - Unlike ozone, PM2.5 attainment plans not able to rely on "black box" reductions from yet-to-be identified technologies
 - Valley must reduce emissions by an additional 90% by 2025 to meet latest PM2.5 standards
- Need significant reductions from mobile sources
 - District does not have authority to adopt tailpipe standards
 - Responsibility of state and federal government
- New local, state and federal regulations coupled with robust incentive-based emission reduction strategy necessary to achieve public health goals under the Clean Air Act

Local Efforts Moving Forward

- Leave no stone unturned in identifying and promulgating additional stationary source controls
- Measures to reduce directly emitted PM2.5
 - Work with ARB and EPA to advance inventory, modeling, and innovative technologies
- Healthy Soil Initiative
- Enhanced Conservation Management Practices for agricultural operations
- Advanced controls for underfired charbroilers
- Enhanced and continued local revenues for incentive-based measures (DMV, ISR, mitigation agreements)

What We Need Federal Government

- National standards for heavy duty engines
 - Petitions by South Coast and San Joaquin (our petition asks for locomotive controls in addition to trucks)
- Funding for incentive-based control measures
 - Significant reductions to continue to come from regulatory measures
 - Attainment impossible without incentive-based measures
 - Update federal policies to allow full utilization of incentive-based measures in SIPs



What We Need State Government

- Renewed commitment to address criteria pollutants and toxic emissions in South Coast and San Joaquin Valley
 - Need pollution reductions by 2025 (need specific strategy from ARB)
 - NOx is the real "super-pollutant"
 - Maximize co-benefits from climate change measures
 - Do not add to NOx burden (e.g. oxidizing methane)
 - Greater focus on reducing black carbon
- Don't go too far in relaxing state's portable engine controls

What We Need State Government (cont'd)

- Continue to focus state funding in disadvantaged communities in nonattainment areas
- Work with South Coast, San Joaquin Valley, and other stakeholders to identify and procure new funding sources
- Continue to work with South Coast, San Joaquin Valley, and EPA on technology advancement
- Recognize Valley's need for near-zero emissions technologies (natural gas can serve as bridge to renewable gaseous fuels)