PG&E / CARB Board Member Update

September 2020





1. Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF₆) Regulation Briefing

- 2. Natural Gas Strategy Update
- 3. Other items

SF₆ Regulation Background

Context

- SF₆ is an extremely potent and long-lived GHG (22,800 100-yr GWP)
- SF₆ is used as an insulating gas in transmission & distribution substation switchgear equipment
- PG&E uses SF₆ in electric transmission equipment (circuit breakers, transformers, gas insulated switchgear)



Current Amendments

- Adds phase-out of SF₆ in new equipment starting in 2025
- Preserves the aggressive 1% SF₆ leak limit
- Offers early action emissions credit adjustment, case-by-case technical phase-out exemption
- Clarifies other regulatory requirements for SF₆ compliance

SF6 Regulation PG&E Position

Support

- PG&E supports the phase-out of SF₆ GIE and the overall amendments
- We appreciate the work CARB staff has put in to structure the phase-out; this allows utilities to ensure the safety, reliability and resilience of our systems while planning carbon-free options
- Some outstanding issues remain but we believe they can be addressed with staff through one or more15-day changes

PGSE

Natural Gas Strategy: Gridworks

Future throughput on California's gas system will decline, while the cost of operating the gas system increases; these trends need to be managed to avoid adverse impacts

Participants	Conclusions	Recommendations
 CA Environmental Justice Alliance CAISO City of Palo Alto CPUC Public Advocates Office Coalition of California Utility Employees Communities for a Better Environment Crossborder Energy (Tom Beach) Energy and Environmental Economics Environmental Defense Fund Greenlining Institute Inclusive Economics IBEW Local 1245 Natural Resources Defense Council PG&E 	 If not managed, the gas transition could lead to adverse impacts on: Rates and the affordability of gas service for the remaining gas customers The gas workforce Public and worker safety and gas system reliability Low-income and disadvantaged communities The broader state economy 	 Initiate interagency, integrated long-term planning Consider requiring all-electric new construction Identify alternatives to new investments Organize a just gas workforce transition Ensure that low-income and disadvantaged communities benefit from and are not burdened by the gas transition Clarify that a utility's "obligation to serve" could be met with alternative fuels Align financial recovery of gas infrastructure investments with the integrated long-term gas infrastructure plan Consider ratemaking adjustments to minimize customer impacts Explore external funding sources (beyond

gas utility customers) to recover costs

• The Utility Reform Network

Gridworks: Potential Solution Levers

A projected long-term net decline in overall natural gas throughput, coupled with forecasted increases in PG&E's natural gas revenue requirement, will result in unaffordable natural gas bills and an unsustainable outcome for PG&E customers.



Gridworks Phase 2 & 3 (ongoing)

Ongoing work aims to develop a long-term gas planning proposal to support agency processes, such as the IEPR and the CPUC Long-term Gas System Planning OIR

Participants	Phase 2	Phase 3
 All of the participants from Phase 1 along with the following new participants: Aspen Energy (Katie Elder) Earth Justice Energy Foundation The Coalition For Renewable Natural Gas Southern California Gas Company Utility Workers Union of America 132 	 Phase 2 plans to provide: A "how to" manual for state agencies on integrated longterm gas planning Support to the CPUC Gas Planning OIR and the CEC IEPR 	 Phase 3, beginning in 2021, is expected cover the policy responses to the integrated long-term gas plan: Targeted pilots Testing financial solutions Focused community engagement Workforce management plan





8 - INTERNAL