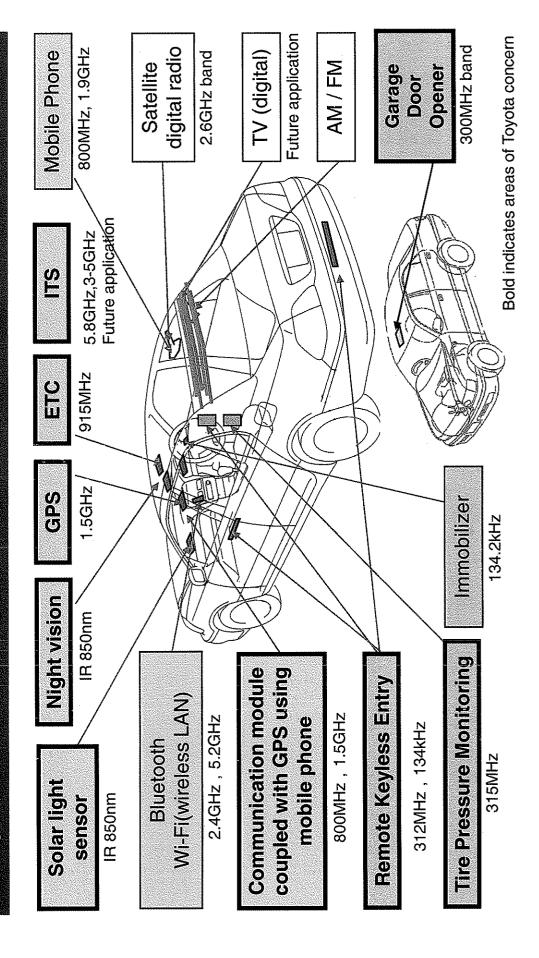
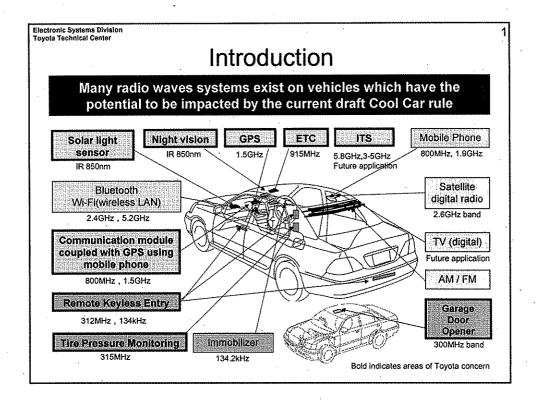
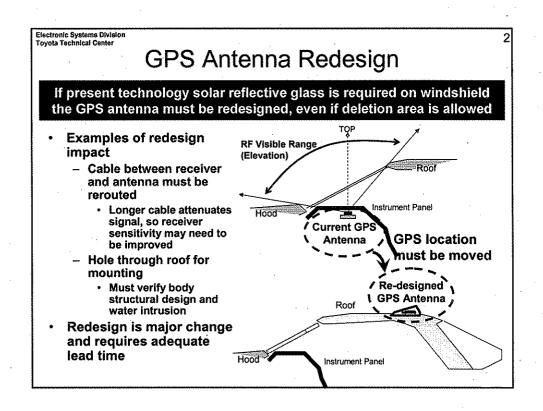
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Introduction

Many radio waves systems exist on vehicles which have the potential to be impacted by the current draft Cool Car rule



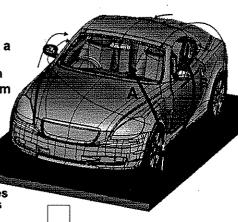




Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS)

An effective method to meet both the TPMS NHTSA regulation and currently drafted Cool Car rule with present technology is not clear

- A dominant propagation route for front tire is through windshield
 - Signal attenuated by present technology reflective glass
- Adding multiple antennas is not a feasible option
 - Cost prohibitive, major redesign
- Wide area deletion across bottom of windshield or other emerging technologies could be a future solution but not feasible at this time
 - Wide area mask deletion would exceed 10% area
 - Wide area laser deletion and other emerging technologies are currently not ready for mass production



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Conclusion

Many technical issues still exist in implementing the current draft Cool Car rule with technology that is presently ready for mass production

- Toyota's Front Windshield Opinion
 - Solar absorbing glass (Tts<=60%) should be allowed
 - Prevents potential radio wave interference, customer choice and mass production issues
 - Phase in: 30% at 12MY, 60% at 13MY, 100% at 14MY
 - Higher performance standard beginning in 15MY
 - Allows sufficient lead time to develop mass production technologies and address radio wave interference concerns

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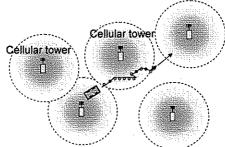
Appendix

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Mobile Phone Interference

Potential situation of restricted connection power and reduction in cell numbers when driving in a cellular fringe area

- Particular concern is situation when driving toward cellular tower
 - Concern because primary path for radio wave propagation is through front windshield



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