

International Aluminium Institute



## The Aluminium Sector Greenhouse Gas Protocol

(Addendum to the WRI/WBCSD Greenhouse Gas Protocol)

Greenhouse Gas Emissions Monitoring and Reporting by the  
Aluminium Industry

October 2006

44/12 = CO<sub>2</sub> Molecular Mass : Carbon Atomic Mass Ratio, dimensionless

## 1.6 Additional Sources of Process Carbon Dioxide

### 1.6.1 Coke Calcination

For those production facilities that have coke calcining operations Equation 6 is used to calculate CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from this source.

#### Equation 6 Carbon Dioxide Emissions from Coke Calcining

$$E_{CO_2} = \left[ \left[ \left[ GC \times \left( \frac{100 - H_{2O_{gc}} - V_{gc} - S_{gc}}{100} \right) \right] - \left[ (CC + UCC + DE) \times \left( \frac{100 - S_{cc}}{100} \right) \right] \right] \times \frac{44}{12} \right] + \left[ GC \times 0.035 \times \left( \frac{44}{16} \right) \right]$$

where:

$E_{CO_2}$  = CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in tonnes per year

GC = Green coke feed, tonnes green coke per year

$H_{2O_{gc}}$  = Humidity in green coke, wt %

$V_{gc}$  = Volatiles in green coke, wt %

$S_{gc}$  = Sulphur content in green coke, wt %

CC = Calcinated coke produced, tonnes calcined coke per year

UCC = Under-calcinated coke collected, tonnes under-calcined coke per year

DE = Coke dust emissions, tonnes coke dust per year

$S_{cc}$  = Sulphur content in calcinated coke, wt %

44/12 = CO<sub>2</sub> Molecular Mass : Carbon Atomic Mass Ratio, dimensionless

44/16 = CO<sub>2</sub> Molecular Mass : CH<sub>4</sub> Molecular Mass Ratio, dimensionless

Parameters included in Equation 6 are defined and industry typical values noted in Table 6.

Table 6 Data Sources for Parameters Used in Tier 2 or 3 Method for Carbon Dioxide Emissions from Calcining Operations

Parameter	Tier 2 Method Data Source	Tier 3 Method Data Source
<b>GC:</b> green coke feed ( <i>tonnes per year</i> )	Individual facility records	Individual facility records
<b>H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>gc</sub>:</b> humidity in green coke ( <i>wt %</i> )	Use industry typical value, 10	Individual facility records
<b>V<sub>gc</sub>:</b> volatiles in green coke <sup>4</sup> ( <i>wt %</i> )	Use industry typical value, 10	Individual facility records
<b>S<sub>gc</sub>:</b> sulphur content in green coke ( <i>wt %</i> )	Use industry typical value, 3	Individual facility records
<b>CC:</b> calcinated coke produced ( <i>tonnes per year</i> )	Use industry typical value, 0.8 x GC	Individual facility records
<b>UCC:</b> under calcinated coke collected ( <i>tonnes per year</i> )	Use industry typical value, 0	Individual facility records
<b>DE:</b> coke dust emissions ( <i>tonnes per year</i> )	Use industry typical value, 0.075 x GC	Individual facility records
<b>S<sub>cc</sub>:</b> sulphur content in calcinated coke ( <i>wt %</i> )	Use industry typical value, 2.5	Individual facility records

Any fuel consumption for coke calcination is included in the overall plant fuel consumption and is thus excluded from the above calculation.

### 1.6.2 Soda Ash Use