

# PEM Fuel Cell Readiness for Light Duty Vehicles

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# UTC POWER FUEL CELL BUSINESS

## Transportation Activities - Autos

**Hyundai Santa Fe “Best in Class”** in noise and efficiency ratings at the Michelin Challenge Bibendum 2001



2003  
65 kW, HYDROGEN / AIR

2005  
80 kW  
HYDROGEN / AIR

2000  
75 kW, HYDROGEN / AIR

1999  
40 kW, HYDROGEN / AIR

1998  
5 kW, HYDROGEN / AIR  
APU

1997  
BENCH TEST

**December 15, 2005**  
Hyundai delivers freeze-capable fuel-cell-powered Tucson to AC Transit

**March 29, 2004**  
**Cosmo Oil Leases First Unit of Nissan’s X-TRAIL FCEV**  
Tokyo – Cosmo Oil Co., Ltd. today announced that it has leased the first unit of the X-TRAIL FCEV fuel cell vehicle manufactured by Nissan Motor Co., Ltd.

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## Transportation Activities - Buses



1998

2002

2004

2005

Georgetown University

40 ft NOVA Bus  
100 kW phosphoric acid  
Methanol  
FC/battery hybrid

California transit agencies

30 ft Thor "Thunder Power" Bus  
60 kW S300 PEM  
Hydrogen  
FC/battery hybrid

EMT Madrid, ATM Torino

40 ft Irisbus  
60 kW S300 PEM  
Hydrogen  
FC/battery hybrid

AC Transit Sunline

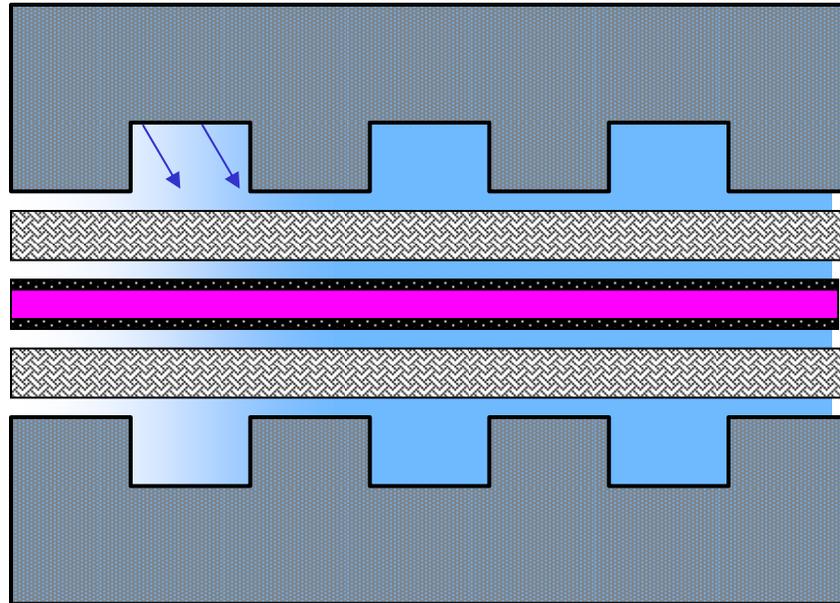
40 ft Van Hool bus  
120 kW S900 PEM  
Hydrogen  
FC/battery hybrid

# UTC POWER FUEL CELLS

## UTC Power's water management approach

Instead of solid bipolar plate, we use a porous, hydrophilic plate with wet seal to facilitate water management

In inlet region,  
water in plates humidifies  
inlet gas streams and  
saturates membrane



- The key to fuel cell performance and durability is water management
- Proper humidification of membrane for high conductivity, long membrane life
- Efficient removal of product water to facilitate transport of oxygen to cathode catalyst and **prevent localized fuel starvation on anode**

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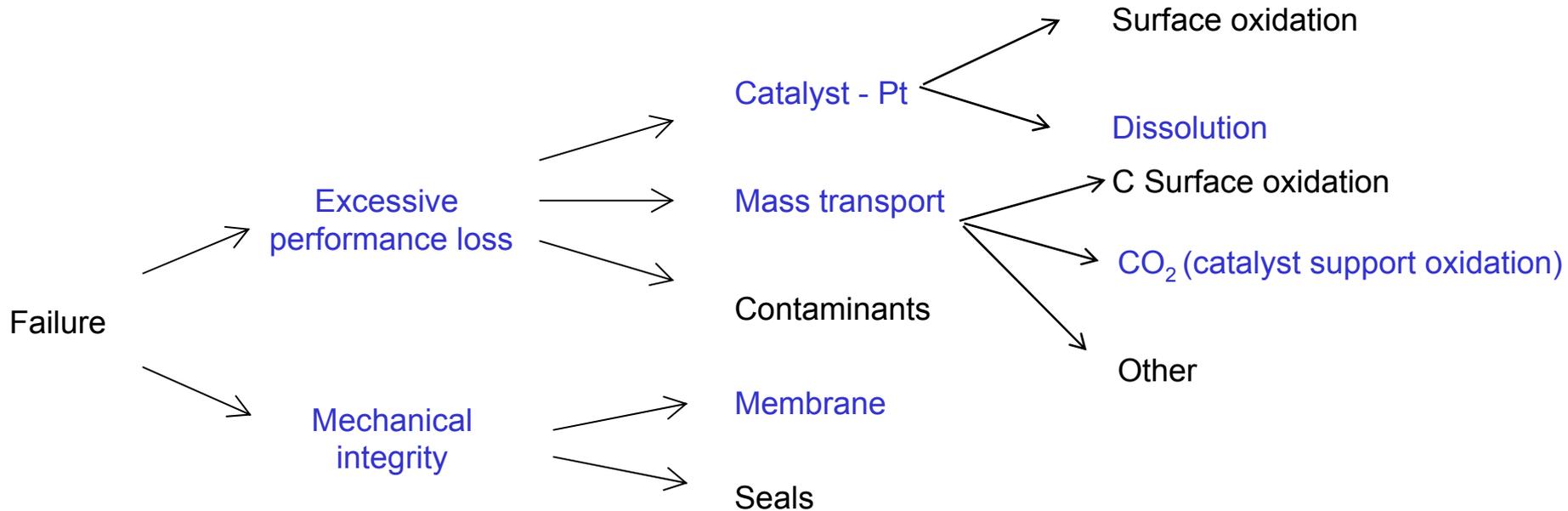
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## Key Automotive Requirements

- **Durability**
  - Load hour durability
    - 5000-6000 hours
  - Start / stop durability
    - 17,000 start / stop cycles
  - Load cycle durability
    - Expect  $10^6$  cycles over lifetime
- **Performance / Fuel Cell Stack Power Density**
  - Power per area (V-i performance)
  - Power per volume (cell thickness aka “pitch”)
- **Operability / Freeze**
  - Tolerant to wide range of inlet conditions
  - Start at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  / No performance loss
  - Survive  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  / No performance loss
- **System Power Density**
- **Cost**

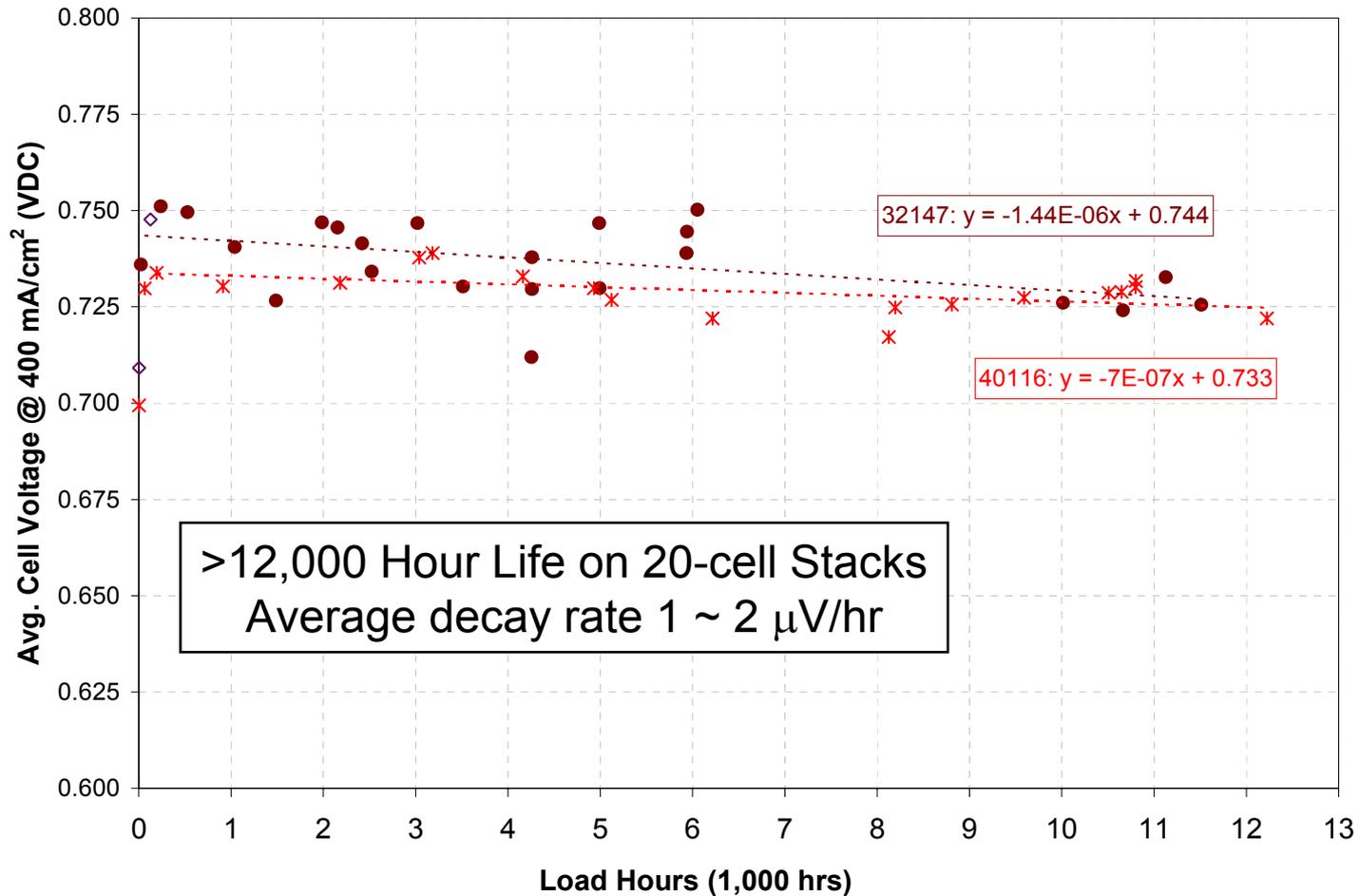
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## Durability: Overview of Cell Stack Failure Modes



# UTC POWER FUEL CELLS

## Long-term Load-hour Durability – 20-Cell Stack Data



Failure mode: Membrane mechanical integrity

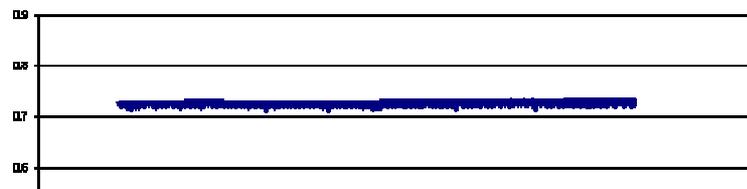
Water Transport Plate (WTP) technology protects membrane

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## Water Management & Durability

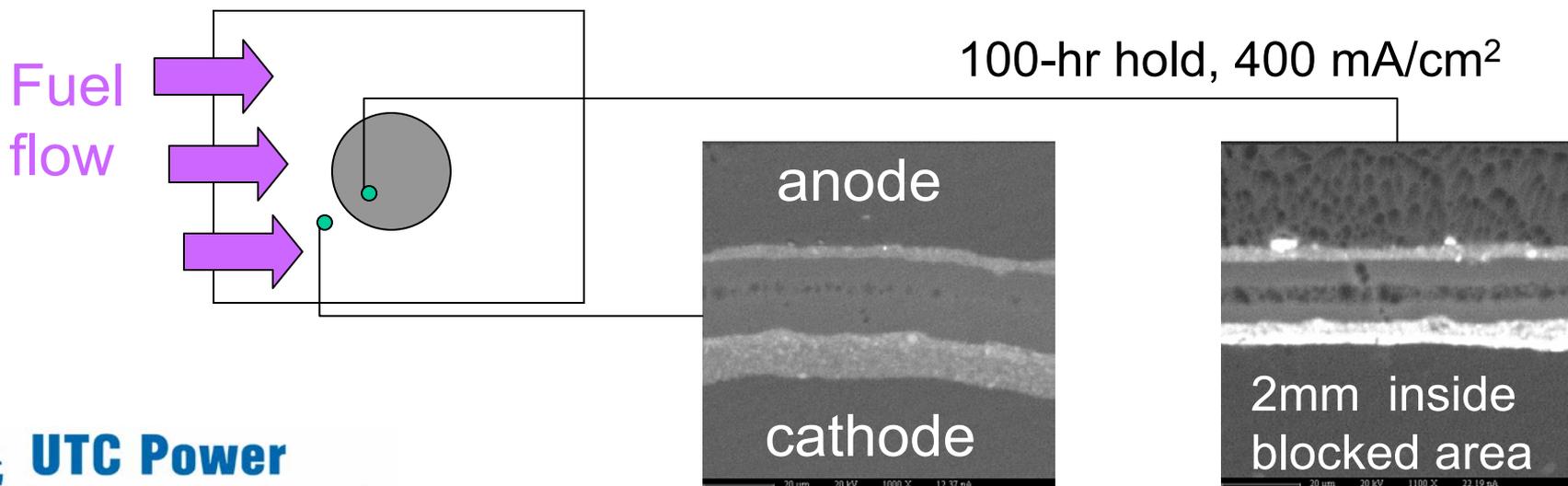
### Localized fuel starvation causes extreme degradation of cathode

- Simulated localized fuel starvation by blocking access of fuel to local area on anode



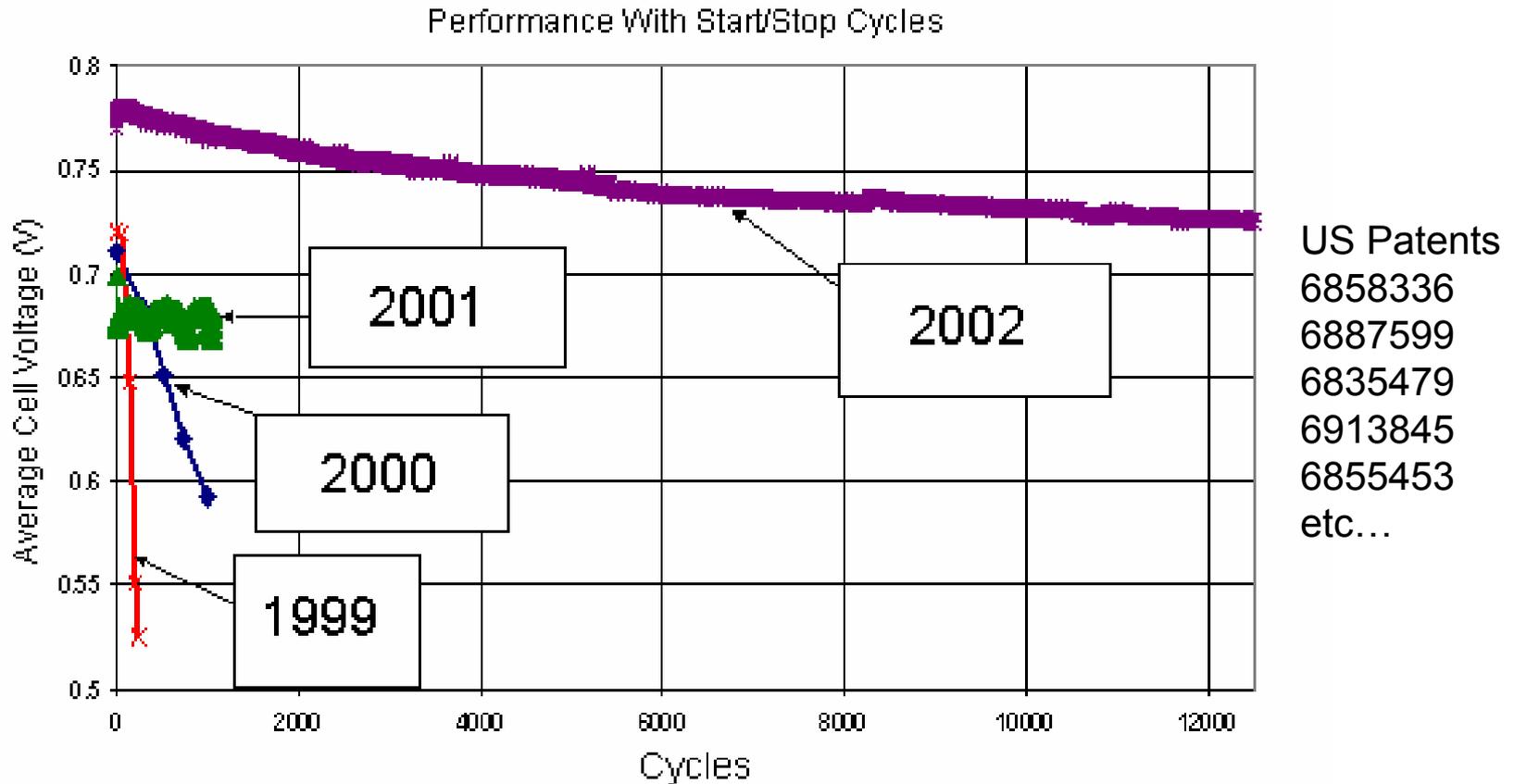
Failure mode: Performance loss / CO<sub>2</sub> (catalyst support oxidation)

Effective water management eliminates local fuel starvation



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## Start / Stop Cycle Durability – 20-Cell Stack Data

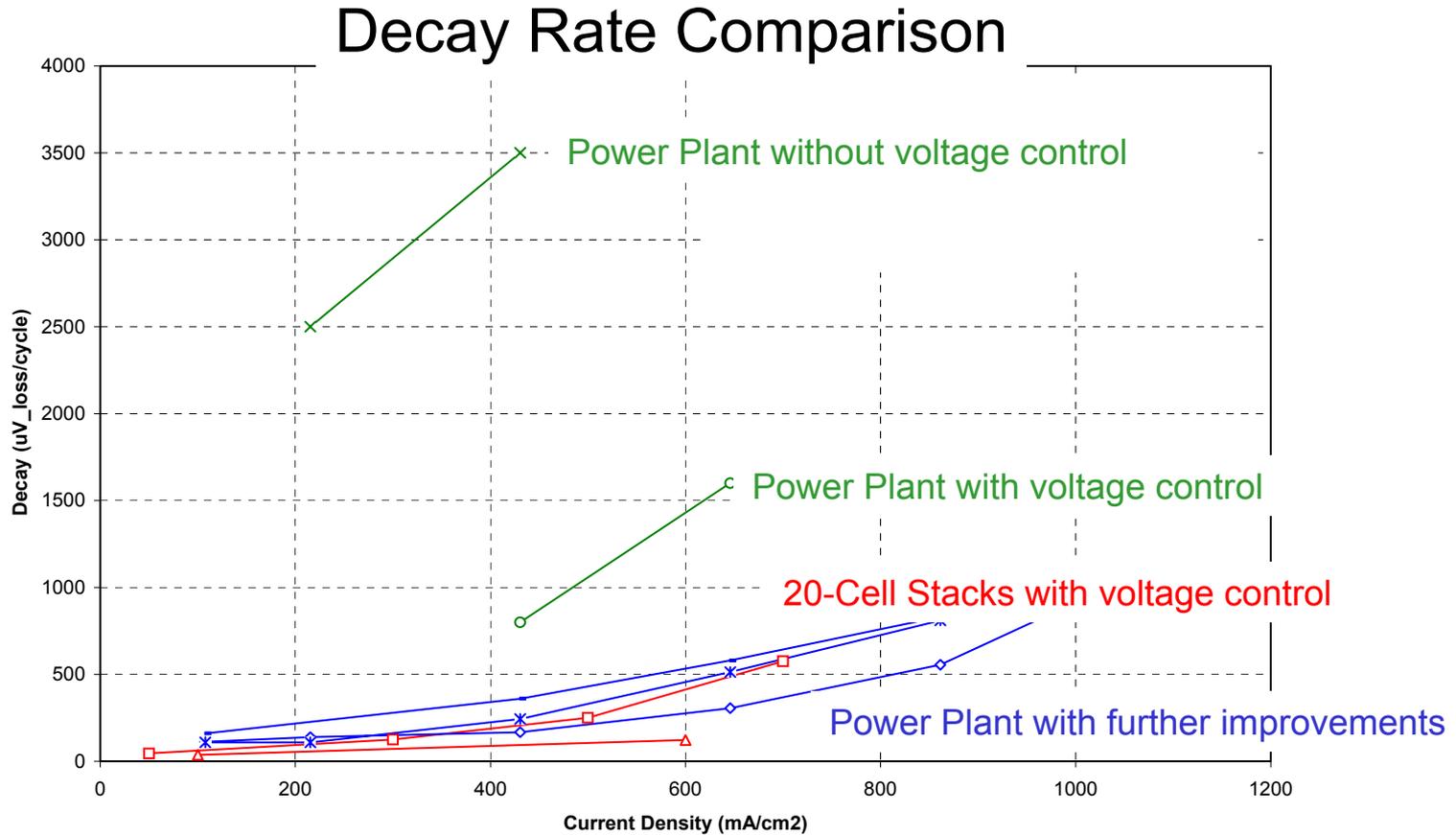


Failure mode: Performance loss / CO<sub>2</sub> (catalyst support oxidation)

Voltage control can successfully mitigate start/stop losses

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Start / Stop Cycle Durability 20-Cell and Full Size / Power Plant Data



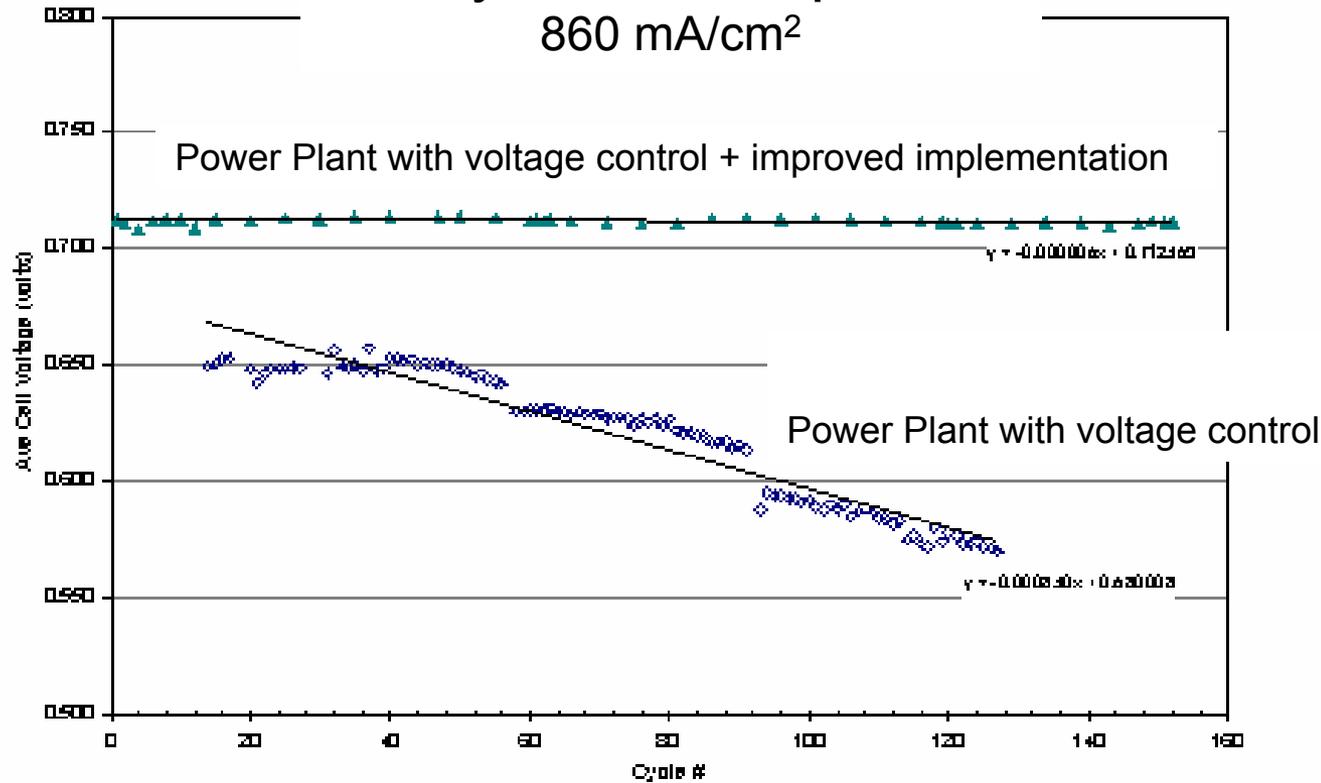
Failure mode: Performance loss / CO<sub>2</sub> (catalyst support oxidation)

Voltage control can successfully mitigate start/stop losses

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## Start / Stop Cycle Durability – 20-Cell Stack Data

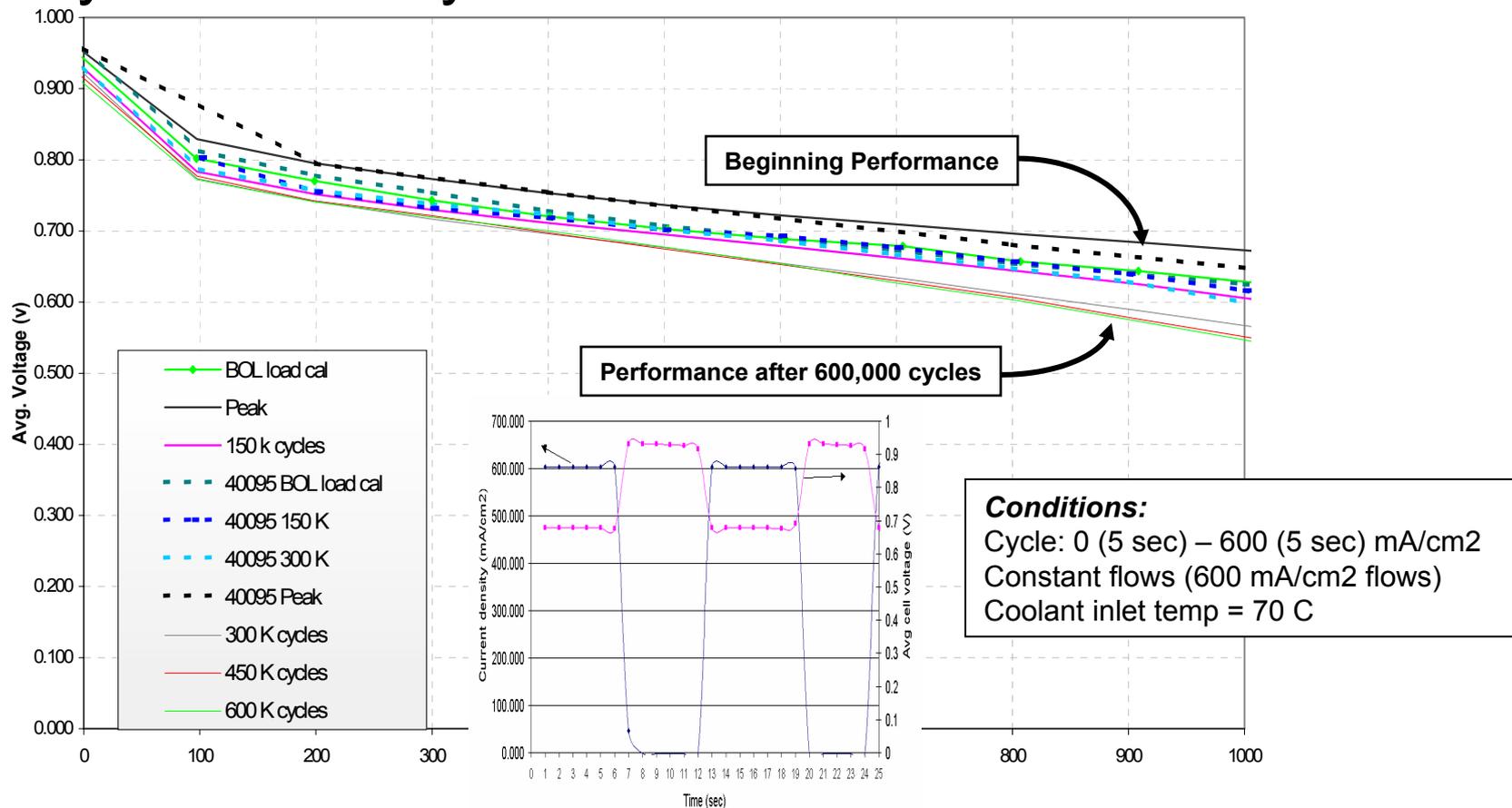
### Decay Rate Comparison



Failure mode: Performance loss / CO<sub>2</sub> (catalyst support oxidation)  
Voltage control can successfully mitigate start/stop losses  
(Proper implementation is critical)

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## Load Cycle Durability – 20-Cell Stack Data



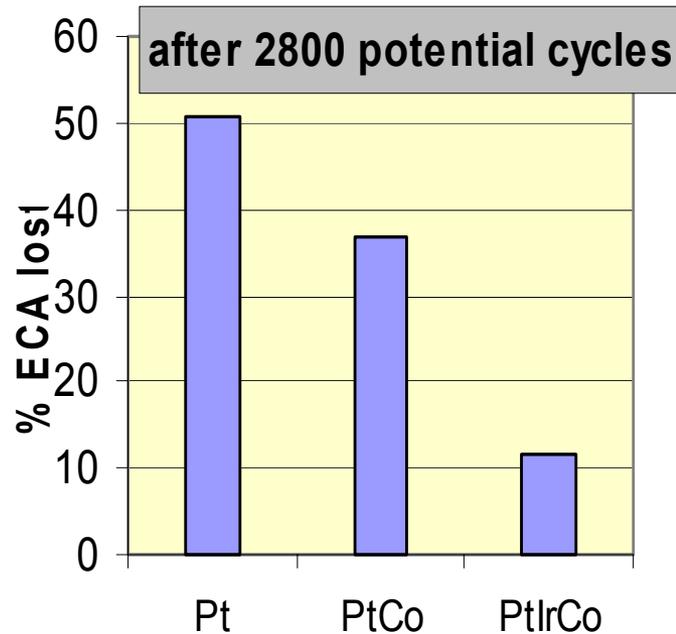
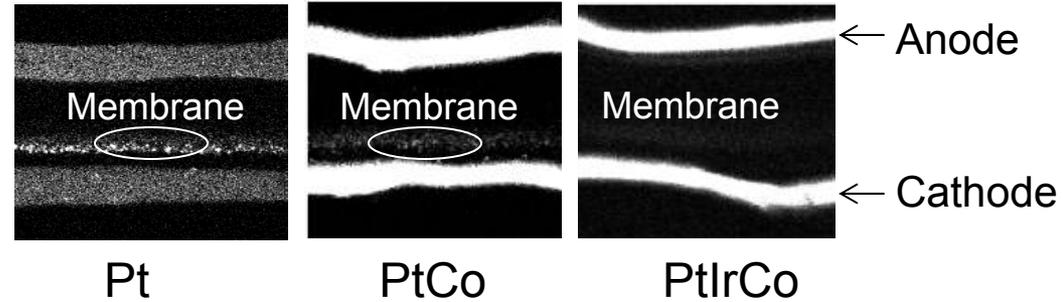
**Failure modes:** Membrane mechanical integrity and performance loss via catalyst dissolution  
Test accelerates **membrane degradation** (chemical and mechanical), **Pt dissolution**  
Best in class cyclic durability in the industry: 1,000,000 cycles, ~3000 hour test w/o failure  
Water management prevents a 'load cycle' from being a humidity cycle

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## Durability – Platinum Dissolution

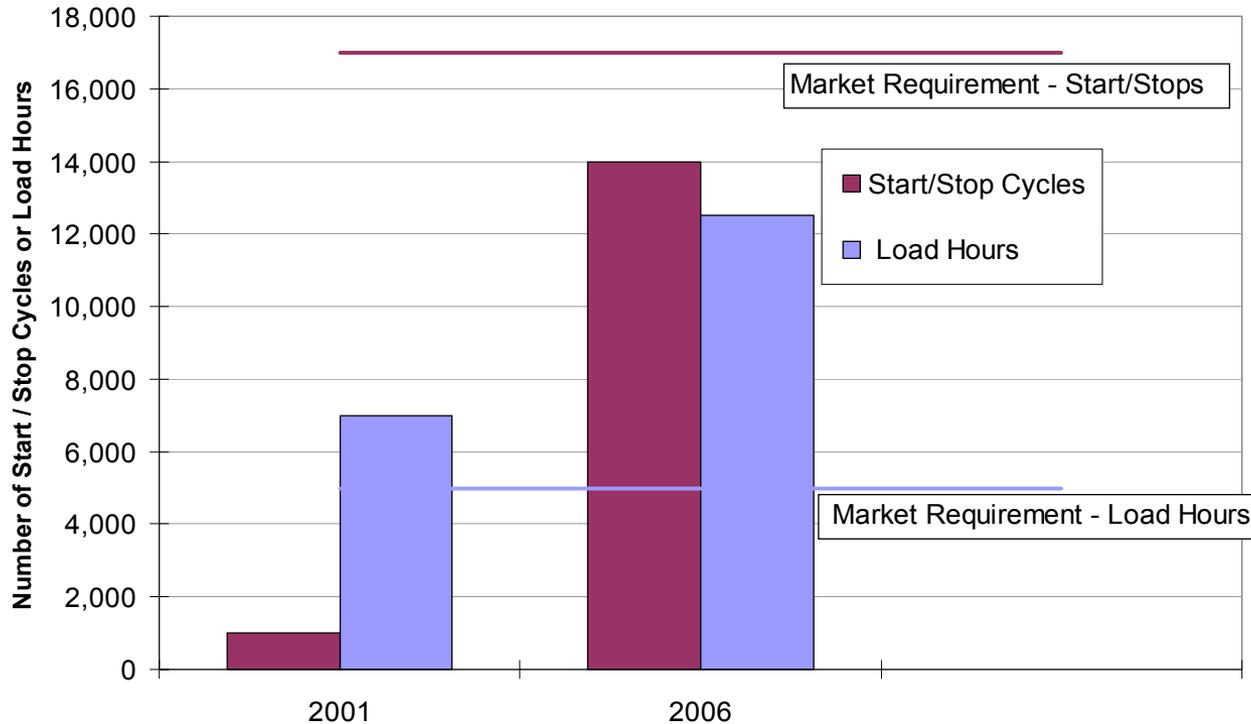
- Platinum dissolves under potential cycling
- PtCo and PtIrCo show significantly less dissolution

Pt distribution (EMPA) after cycling



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## Long-term Load-hour Durability – 20-Cell Stack Data



### Automotive Durability Summary

- Status: Technology is ready for automotive durability requirements
- Next Steps: Demonstrate lab-scale 20-cell results in on-road vehicles
- Prediction: >4000 designs in vehicles hours by 2008  
(Operation to 4000 hours may take >4 years of validation)

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## System Power Density

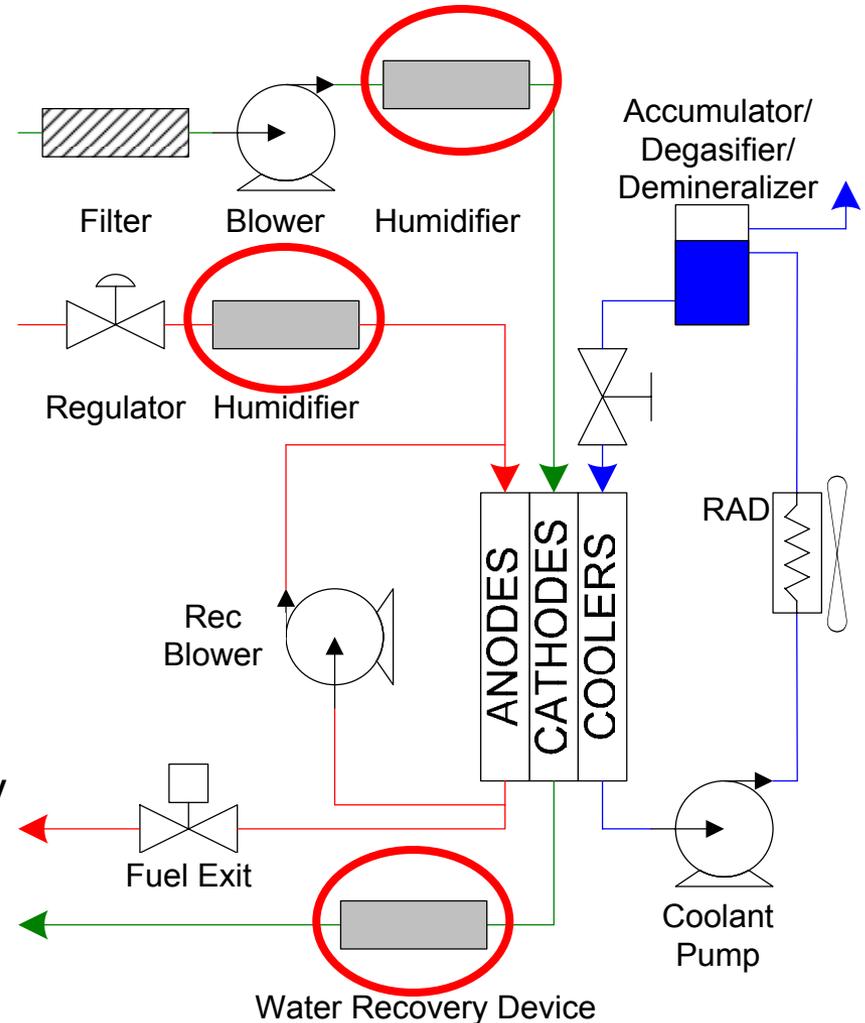
### Keys to System Power Density

- Increase Cell Stack Power Density

- Increased areal power density
- Reduced cell pitch
- Increased active area ratio

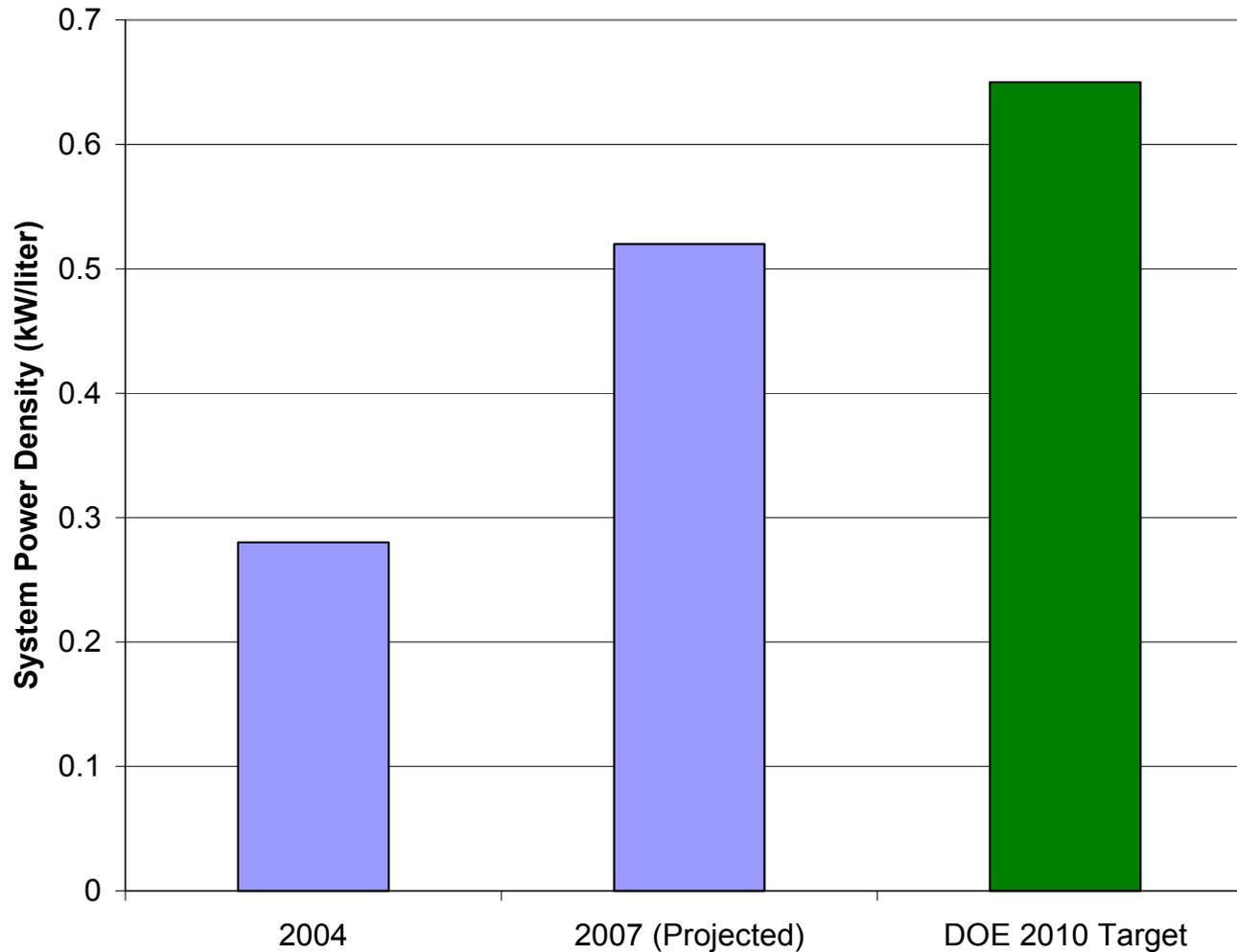
- System simplification

- More functionality in cell stack
- Reduce part count
- Combine balance-of-plant functionality



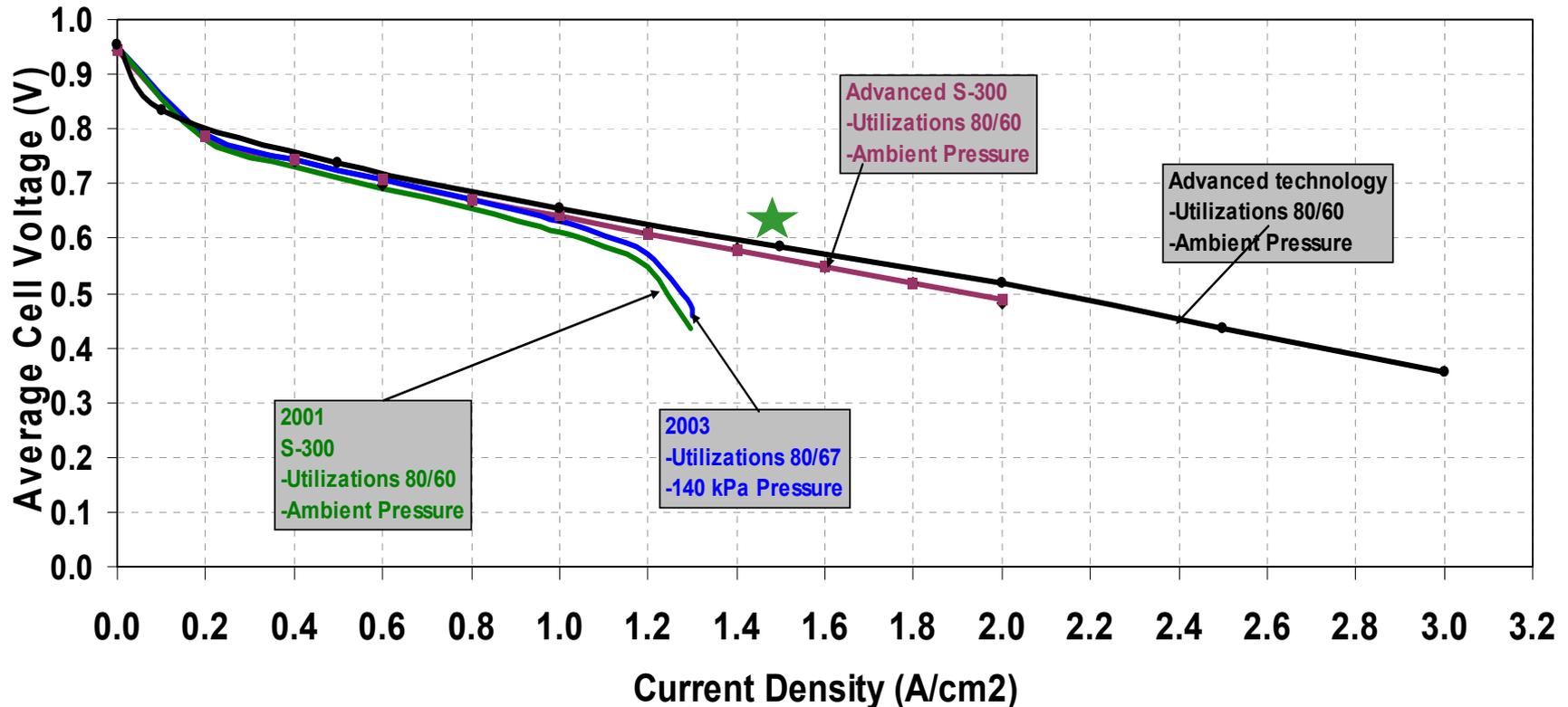
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## System Power Density



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## Stack Performance and Power Density Improvements

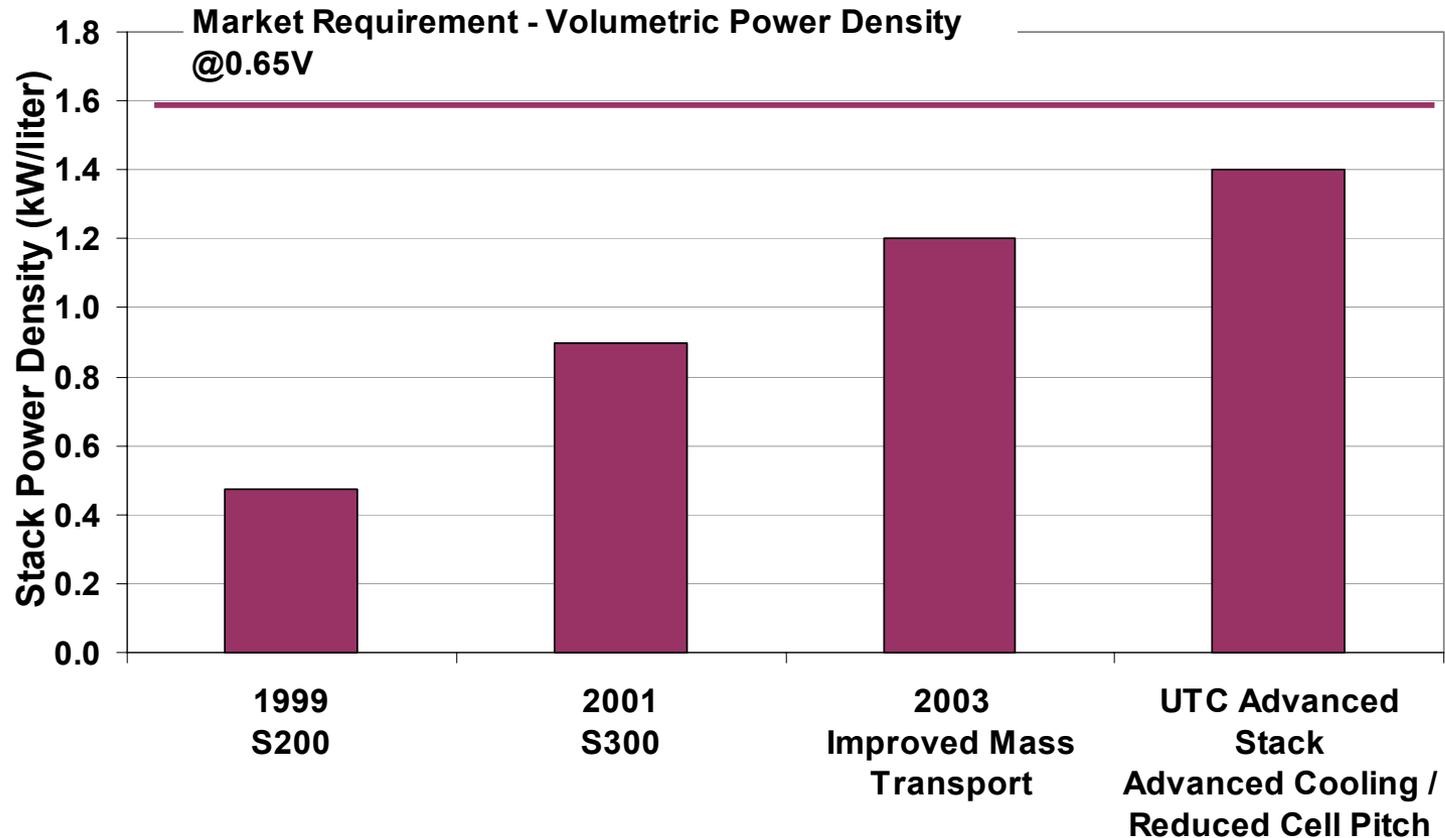


Water management is key to performance improvements

Target is >0.65 volts @ 1.5 A/cm<sup>2</sup>

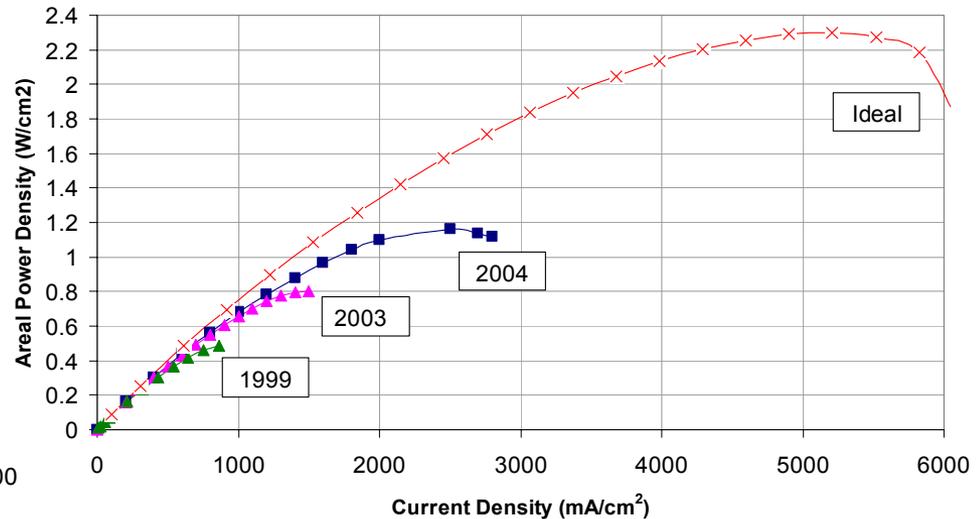
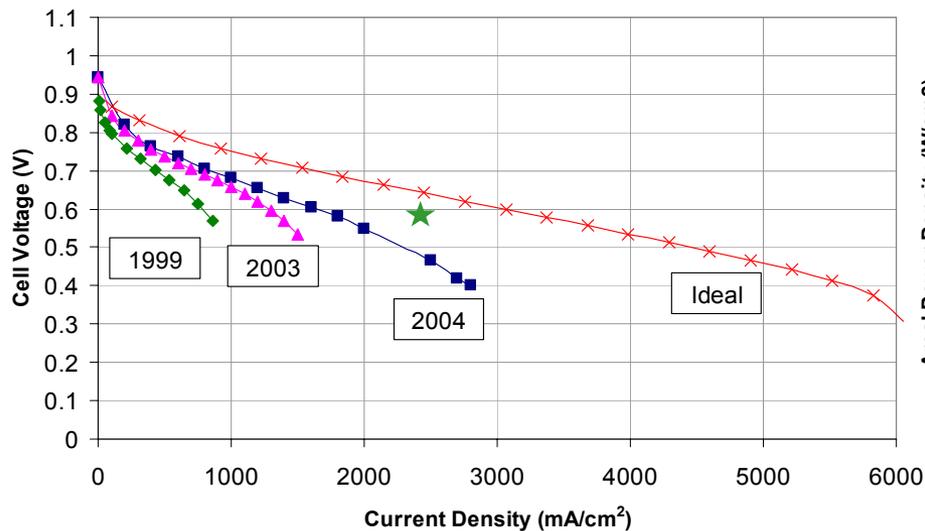
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## Stack Performance and Power Density Improvements



More Power per Area → More Power per Volume  
Advanced technology reduces stack size

# Stack Power Density – How High Will It Go?



## Automotive Stack and System Power Density Summary

- Status: Current technology packages in automobiles

Advanced stack technology will improve system power density to 0.52 kW/liter

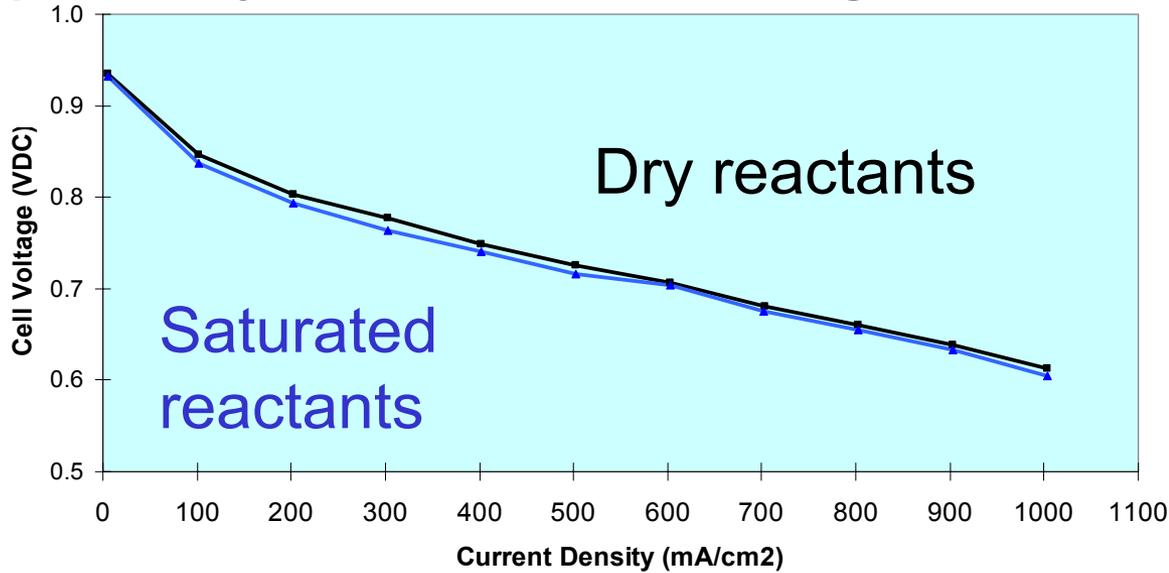
- Next Steps: Develop advanced stack and system for vehicle integration

- Prediction: 0.52 kW/liter system ready for scale-up

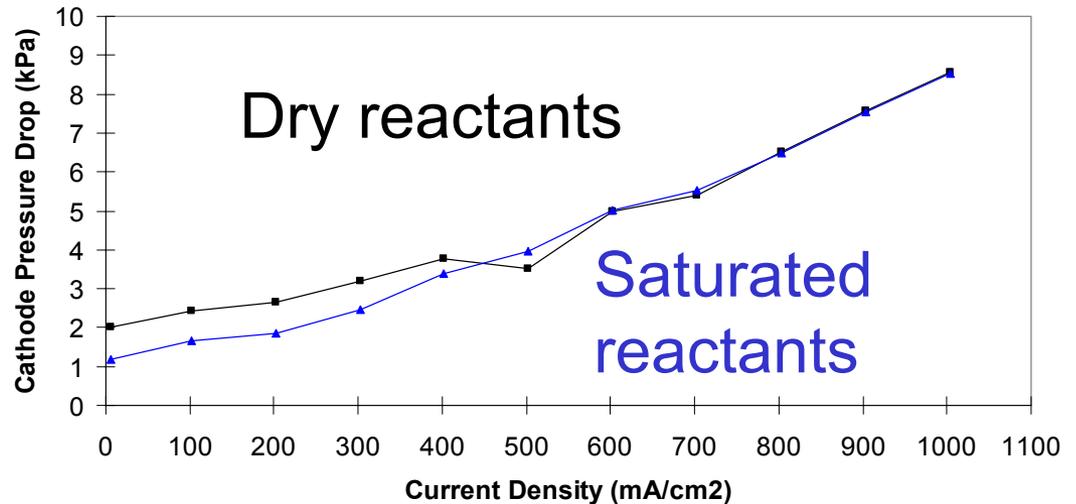
0.65 kW/liter feasible with further advanced stack and system concepts

# UTC POWER FUEL CELLS

## Operability – Tolerant to a Range of Inlet Conditions

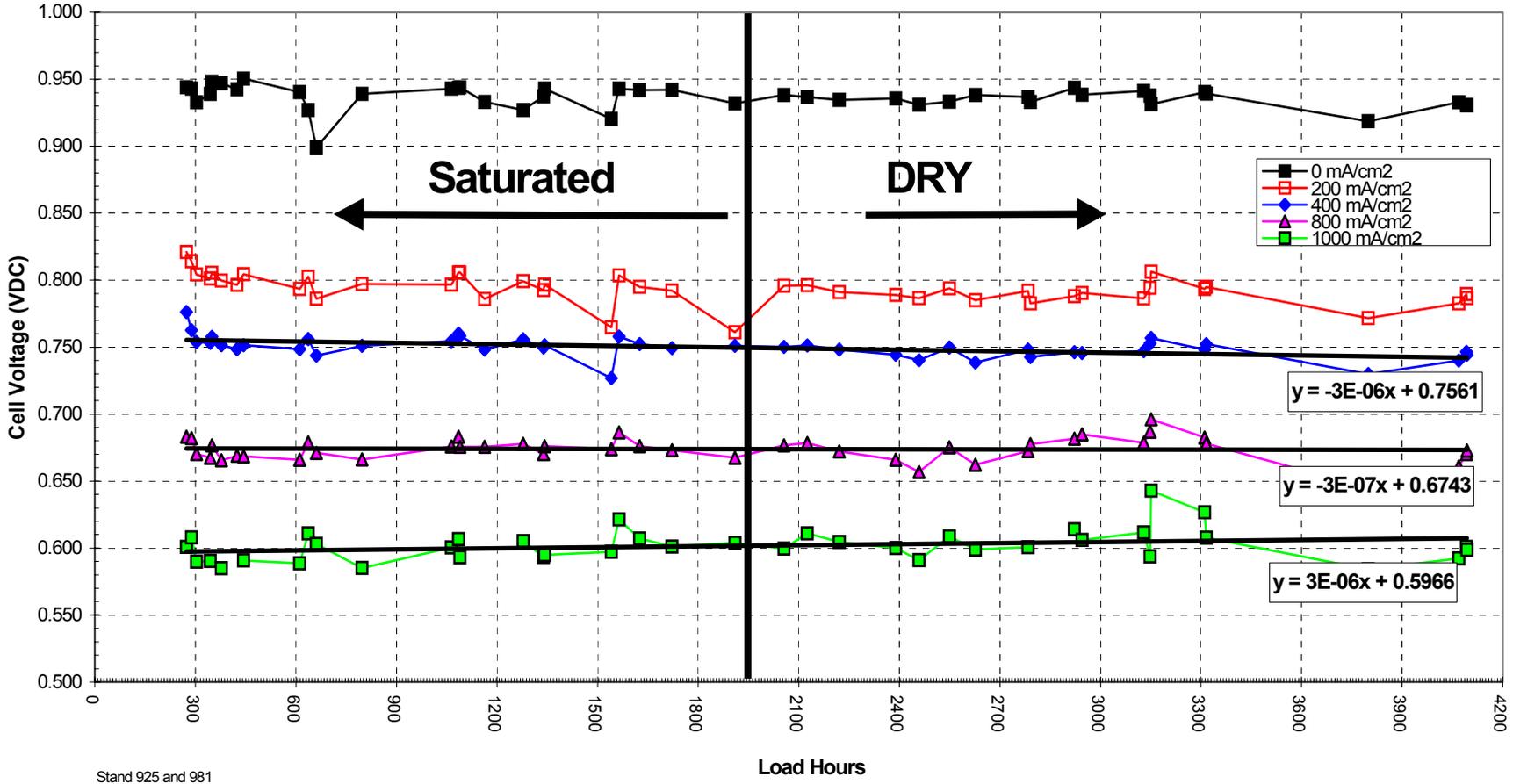


Internally humidified cell is insensitive to reactant conditions



# UTC POWER FUEL CELLS

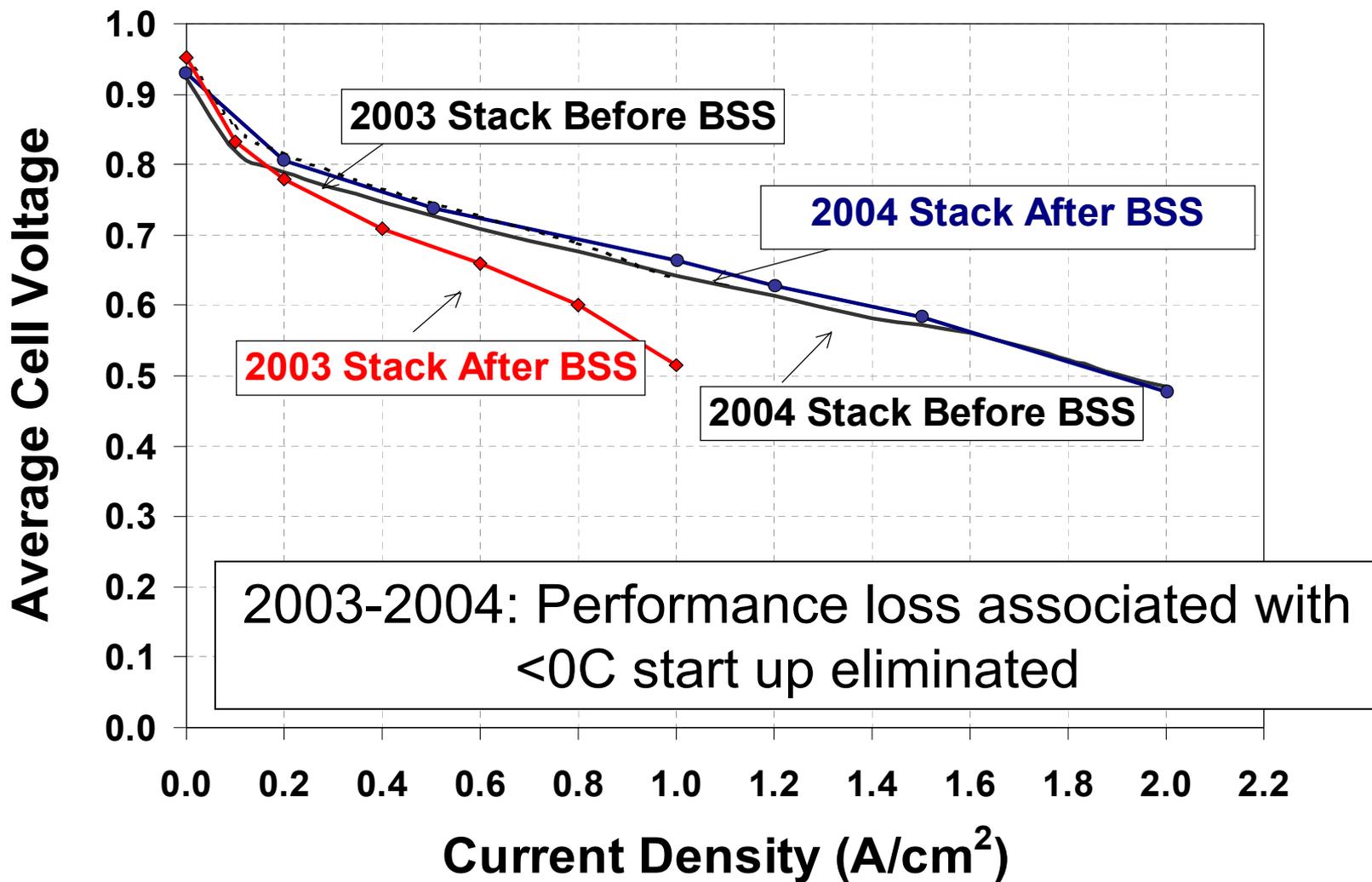
## Operability – Tolerant to a Range of Inlet Conditions



Fuel cell stack performance is insensitive to inlet conditions

# UTC POWER FUEL CELLS

Freeze – Start from  $<0^{\circ}\text{C}$ , No Performance Loss: 20-Cell Stack Data

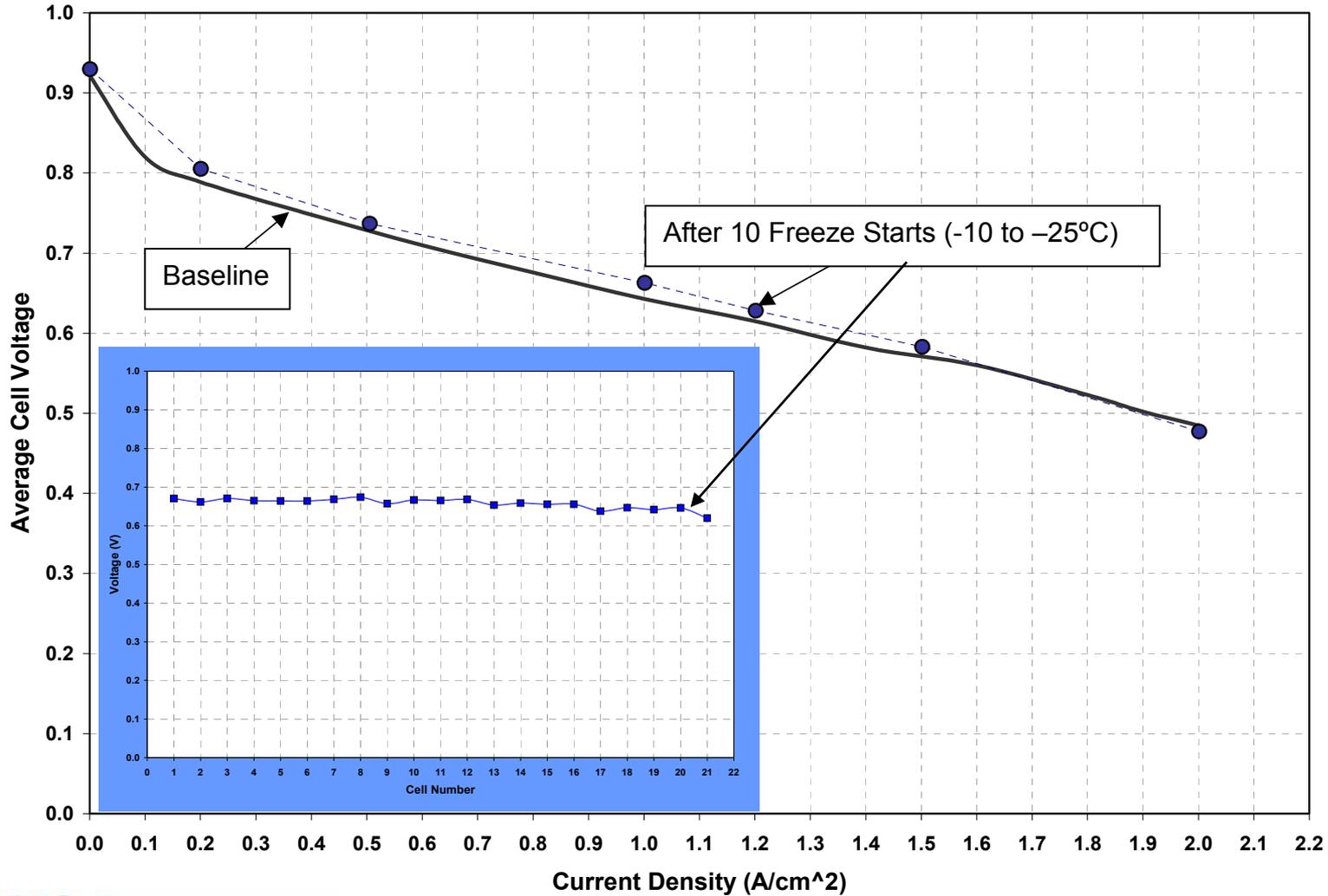


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Freeze – Start from  $<0^{\circ}\text{C}$ , No Performance Loss: 20-Cell Stack Data

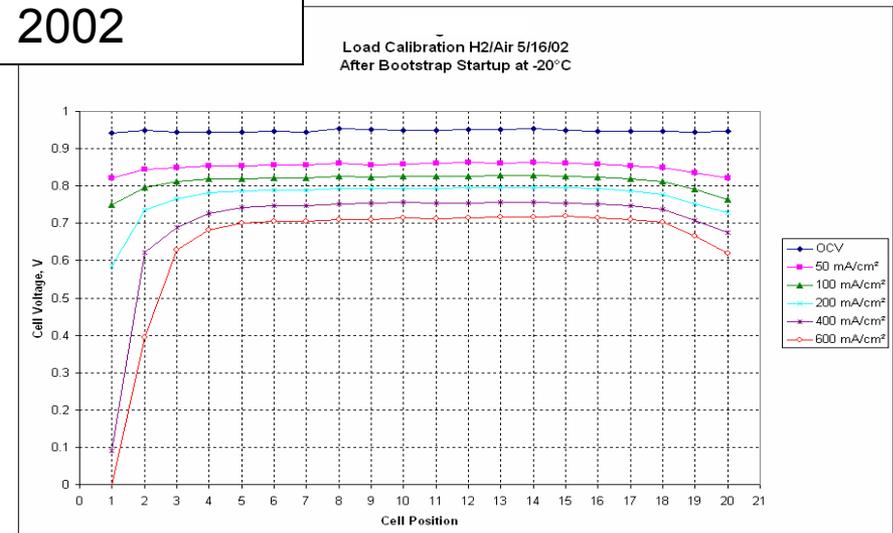


# UTC POWER FUEL CELLS

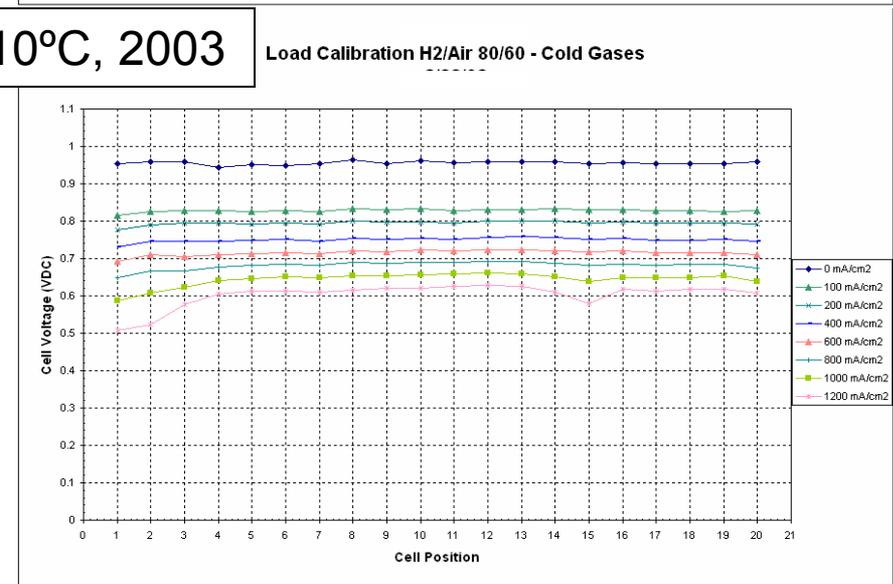
Freeze – Start from  $<0^{\circ}\text{C}$ , No Performance Loss: 20-Cell Stack Data

- Bootstrap start cycles on 20-cell stacks
- Improvement Progress
  - 2002 Status: Cells on one end performed poorly after BSS
  - Action:
    - Investigation of root causes and mechanisms
    - Change in design and procedures
  - 2003 Status:
    - Cell performance is more uniform after BSS
    - Up to  $1200\text{ mA/cm}^2$
    - Recovery procedure needed

2002



$-10^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 2003



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Freeze – Start from  $<0^{\circ}\text{C}$ , No Performance Loss: 20-Cell Stack Data

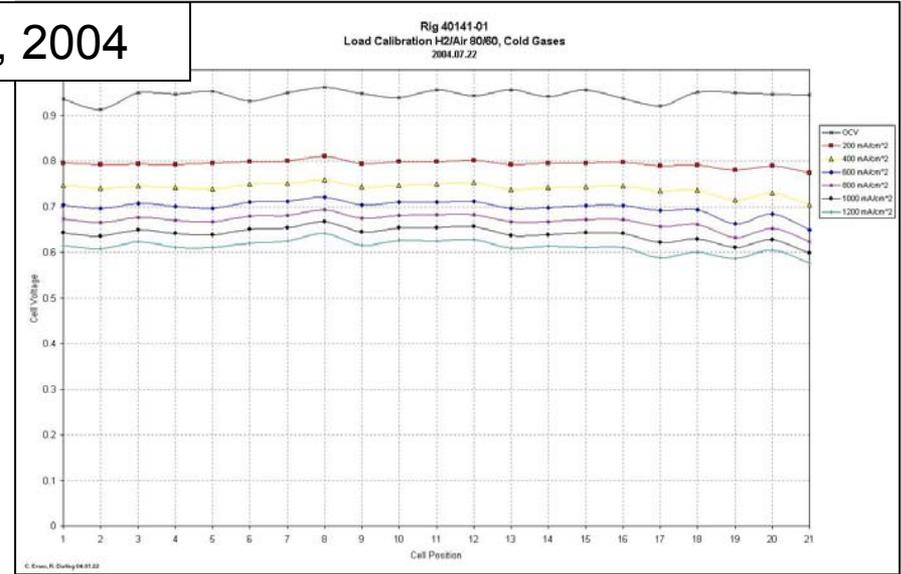
## – 2004 Progress:

- Improved water management and transient response under subfreezing conditions
- No performance decay after starting from  $-15^{\circ}\text{C}$
- No recovery procedure needed

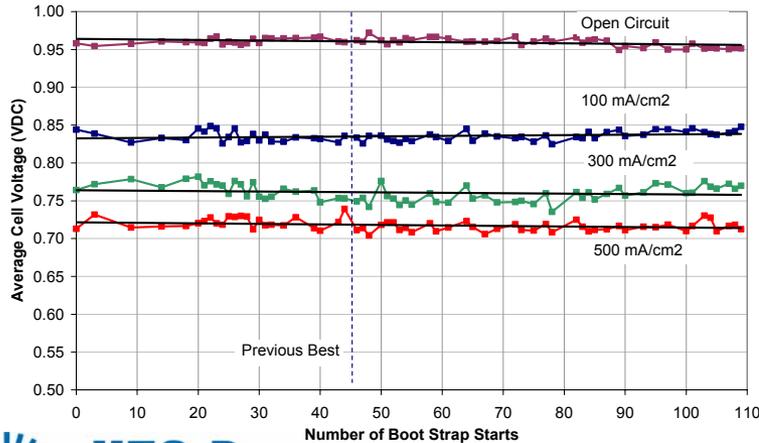
## – 2006 Progress

- No performance decay after starting from frozen condition  $>125$  times

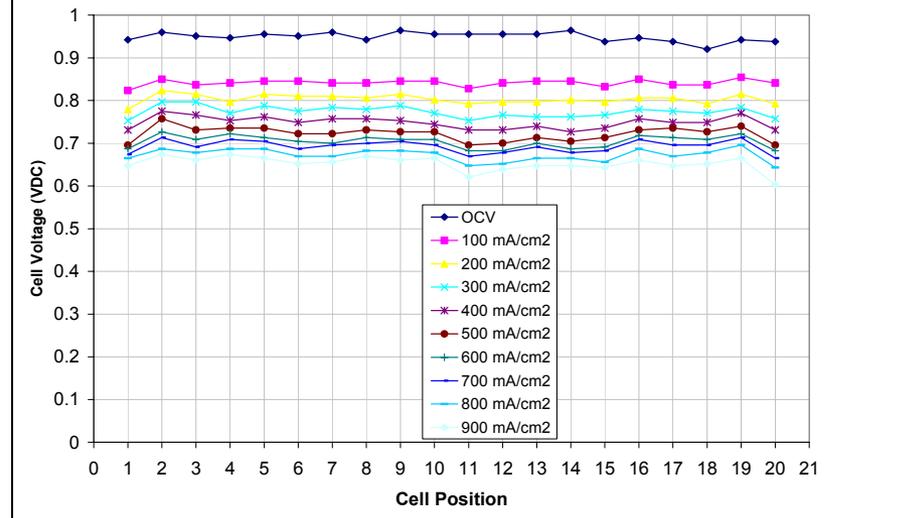
$-15^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 2004



$-10^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $-15^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 2006

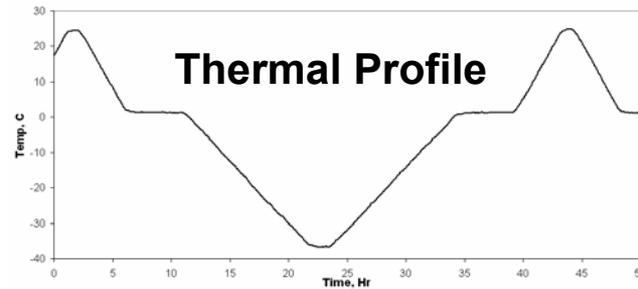
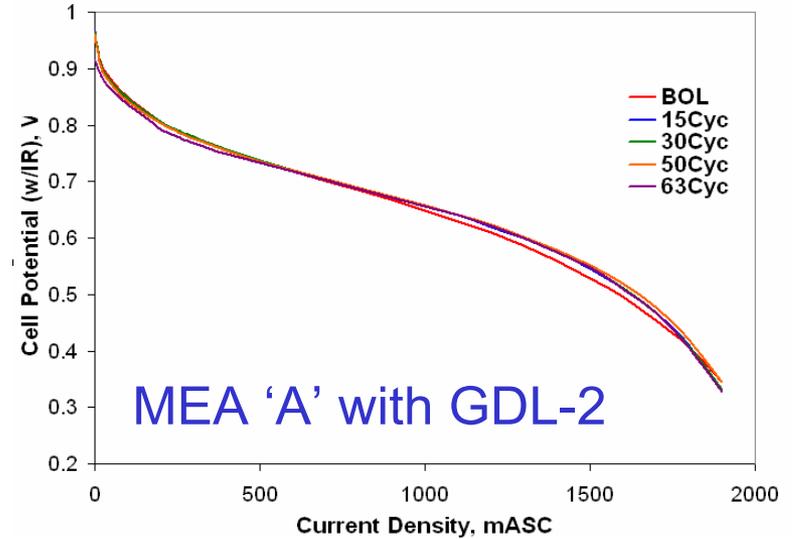
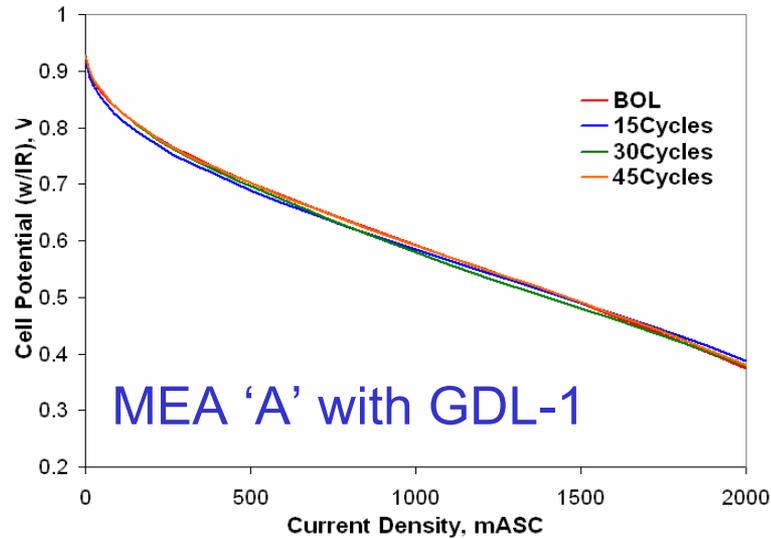


Bootstrap Startup #123  
Startup Temp =  $-12^{\circ}\text{C}$



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## Freeze – Survivability from -40°C: Sub-Scale Results



- Performance under normal operating conditions was measured every ~15 freeze / thaw cycles
- No freeze / thaw cycling induced decay was observed



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## Automotive Fuel Cell Freeze Capability Summary

- Status: Current technology on a path to meet automotive freeze requirements
  - Stacks start up from -20°C
  - Repeat parts survive from -40°C
  - Performance is maintained over >125 sub-zero starts
- Next Steps: Demonstrate full auto-sized system in vehicle
  - Reduce below zero start time
- Prediction: Improved freeze-capable configuration ready for vehicle integration in 2008-2009
  - Starts from indefinite cold-soak at -20°C
  - Survives from -40°C

# UTC POWER FUEL CELLS

## Summary of Fuel Cell Technology Readiness for Light Duty Vehicles

	Technology Feasibility Demonstrated	Technology Verified In Vehicle
<u>Durability</u>		
<u>Stack &amp; System Power Density</u>		
<u>Freeze Capability</u>		

Obstacles to widespread adoption and commercialization paced by

- continued support for development, scale-up, & vehicle integration
- cost
- fuel infrastructure