

Hydrogen Fuel Cell Vehicles and Stations: Moving toward an early market

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Vehicles Coming



- ▶ **GM:** “We don't need any more breakthroughs to bring the [fuel cell] cars into the commercial market by 2015.”
Press conference, August, 2009
- ▶ **Toyota:** Technology available and affordable for customers within the next half dozen years
Akio Toyoda, President, Toyota Motor Corporation, August 2009
- ▶ **Hyundai:** Will produce FCVs within 2-3 years
Press release, August 14, 2009
- ▶ **Honda:** Lease about 200 cars (most in SoCal), aims to have FCVs in showrooms by 2015
Reuters, September 8, 2009
- ▶ **Daimler:** At least 100 B-Class in CA (in early 2010) as fast as infrastructure allows, showroom by 2015
Board member Weber comments at Frankfurt Auto Show Sept 2009

Fuel Cell Vehicles



Zero tailpipe pollution



Reduce GHGs



Sustainable, domestic fuel



Vehicles people want to drive

Passenger Vehicles



Transit Buses



Hydrogen Stations



Demonstration Phase Wrapping Up



- ▶ 300 passenger cars and buses; 2.8 million miles
- ▶ Building retail stations
- ▶ Community outreach
- ▶ Codes and standards
- ▶ Preparing for H₂ retail sales
- ▶ Leased vehicles & serial production



Next Step: Early Commercial Markets



- ▶ Vehicles are coming in 2014
 - 3,400 passenger FCVs in Southern CA
 - Up to 60 buses and over 800 LDVs in Northern CA
- ▶ Stations must meet customer demand
 - 7 new Hydrogen Highway stations online in 2010
 - \$40M AB118 funding for additional stations
- ▶ Preparing for retail hydrogen sales by 2011
 - Standards and certification procedures being developed by Dept. Food and Ag, Division of Measurement Standards, in Sacramento

CaFCP Action Plan



46 Stations

Santa Monica, Irvine, Torrance, Newport Beach, San Francisco, Sacramento

3 Focus Areas

Passenger vehicles
Transit buses
Regulations, Codes & Standards

4 Years

Funding 2009-2012
Stations begin operation 2009-2014

\$180 Million

Industry and government investment

Vehicle cost & durability



- ▶ Fuel cell costs on target to meet goal
 - Reduced 75% from \$275/kW to \$73/kW (US DOE)
- ▶ Toyota: First FCVs will be priced “shockingly low”
(Press release, August 8, 2009)
- ▶ Nearly 2,000 hours demonstrated durability
(US DOE)
- GM: 5th gen is smaller, >50% less platinum, 120Kmi durability (Press release, August 18, 2009)



Current Chevy Equinox fuel cell system

GM's next generation fuel cell system

FCV fuel economy



www.fueleconomy.gov



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Fuel Cell Vehicles			
	2007-2008 Chevy Equinox FC	2008 Honda FCX Clarity	2009 Toyota FCHV-adv
			
Fuel Economy			
City (miles/kg) ¹	43	77	TBD
Highway (miles/kg) ¹	48	67	TBD
Range	190	280	TBD
Vehicle Characteristics			
Vehicle Class	Sport Utility Vehicle	Midsize Car	Sport Utility Vehicle
Fuel Type	Hydrogen	Hydrogen	Hydrogen
Motor	93kW(Continuous) Generator ¹	DC Brushless 100kW ¹	AC Induction 90kW ¹
Type of Fuel Cell	Proton Exchange Membrane	Proton Exchange Membrane	Proton Exchange Membrane
Energy Storage Device	250V Ni-MH	288V Lithium Ion	274V Ni-MH
Availability	California, New York	Southern California ²	TBD
¹ kW - kilowatts; V - Volts; kg - kilogram ² The Honda FCX Clarity will be leased to private individuals in select Southern California areas.			

Toyota FCHV-adv Highlander real-world tests: 68.3 miles/kg and 431 mi range (US DOE)

Fueling with hydrogen



- ▶ Met \$2-3/kg goal for H₂ from distributed natural gas reformation (US DOE)
- ▶ Well-to-tank, H₂ from natural gas is 70% efficient
- ▶ Fueling takes minutes

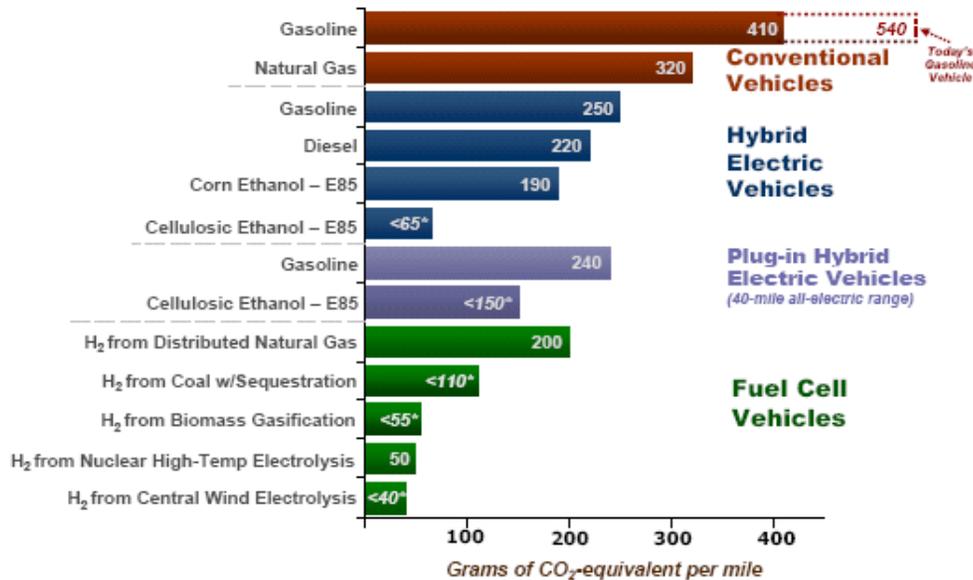


FCVs reduce GHGs



US Department of Energy

Well-to-Wheels Greenhouse Gas Emissions
(direct emissions, based on a projected state of the technologies in 2020)

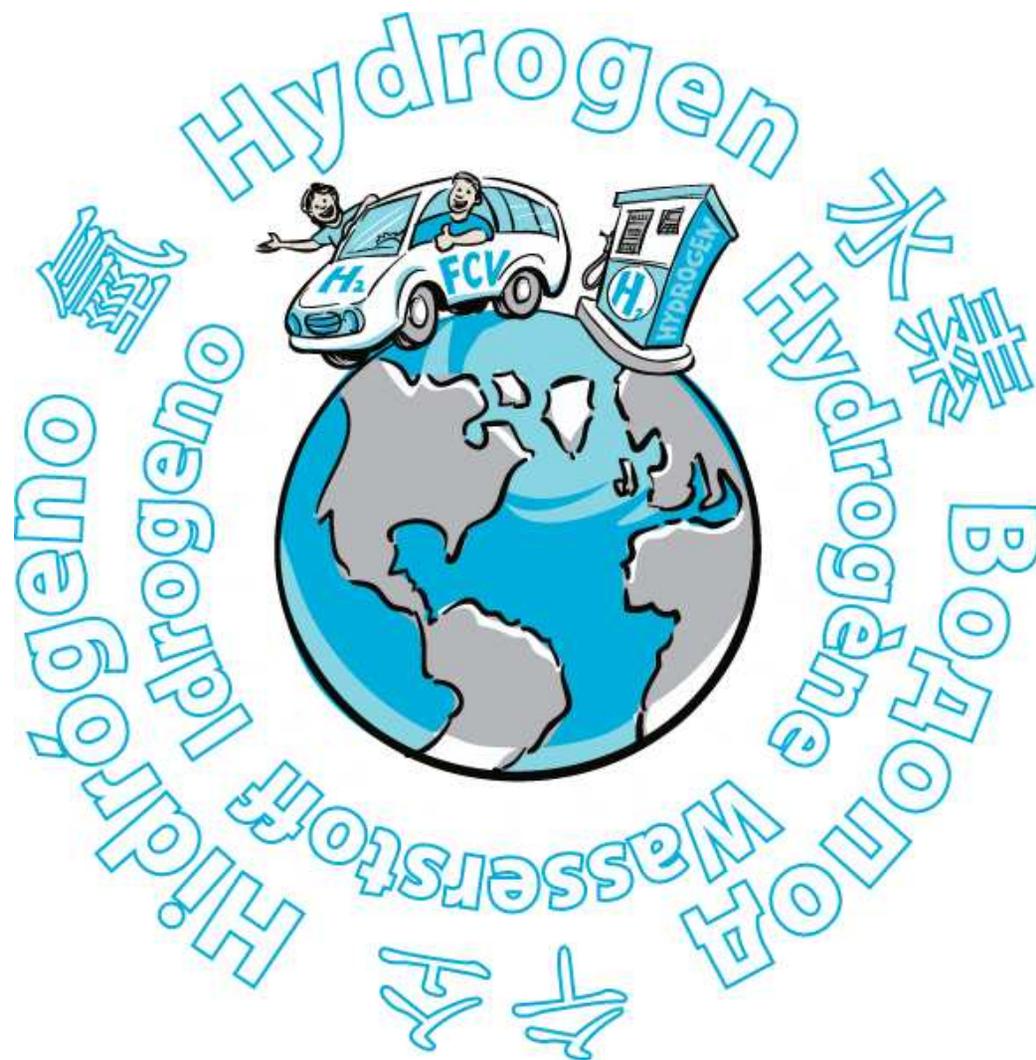


*Net emissions from these pathways will be lower if these figures are adjusted to include:
 • The displacement of emissions from grid power-generation that will occur when surplus electricity is co-produced with cellulosic ethanol
 • The displacement of emissions from grid power-generation that may occur if electricity is co-produced with hydrogen in the biomass and coal pathways, and if surplus wind power is generated in the wind-to-hydrogen pathway
 • Carbon dioxide sequestration in the biomass-to-hydrogen process

CARB LCFS Well-to-Wheels GHG

(based on fuel carbon intensity)

Pathway	gCO ₂ per mJ	% reduction
H ₂ (onsite from natural gas and 33% renewable)	33.09	65%
Electricity (CA marginal)	34.90	64%
Electricity (average California mix)	41.37	57%
Gasoline	95.85	0%



Questions or Comments?

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